

KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

Ordinance 19117

Proposed No. 2020-0176.2

Sponsors McDermott, Dembowski and Kohl-Welles

AN ORDINANCE providing for the submission to the 1 2 qualified electors of King County, at a general election to 3 be held on November 3, 2020, of a proposition authorizing the county to issue its general obligation bonds in the 4 5 aggregate principal amount of not to exceed \$1,740,000,000 or so much thereof as may be issued under 6 7 the laws governing the indebtedness of counties, for the 8 purpose of providing funds to pay for public health, safety 9 and seismic improvements for Harborview Medical Center. 10 STATEMENT OF FACTS: 11 1. Harborview Medical Center facilities include a state licensed 413-bed 12 hospital owned by King County and operated by University of 13 Washington. The hospital is overseen by a 13-member Board of Trustees. 14 Harborview Medical Center is a comprehensive regional health care facility providing specialized care for a broad spectrum of patients, the 15 control of illness and the promotion and restoration of health. Harborview 16 17 Medical Center is one of the nation's leading academic medical centers 18 and is the only Level 1 Trauma Center for adults and children serving a four-state region that includes Alaska, Idaho, Montana and Washington. 19

The hospital is maintained as a "public health and safety facility" as
defined in RCW 36.89.010. As such, the essential public health and safety
services provided by Harborview Medical Center are of benefit to all of
the residents of King County.
2. Harborview Medical Center is maintained as a public hospital by King
County to improve the health and well-being of the entire community and
to provide quality healthcare to the most vulnerable. The mission
population, as defined in Ordinance 18232, includes: the non-English
speaking poor; the uninsured or underinsured, victims of domestic
violence or sexual assault; people incarcerated in King County's jails;
people with mental illness or substance abuse problems, particularly those
treated involuntarily; people with sexually transmitted diseases; and those
who require specialized emergency, trauma or burn care.
3. Nearly 20 years ago, King County voters authorized the county to issue
\$193,130,000 in general obligation bonds to fund seismic and public
health and safety improvements for Harborview Medical Center. The
bond proceeds provided for: construction of an inpatient facility; a 14-
story medical office tower; demolition of seismically unsound buildings;
and limited renovations of some hospital spaces. The 2000 Harborview
Medical Center bonds will be largely paid off by 2024.
4. Over the past 20 years, the growth in population, and changes in
medical practice, equipment and technology, have resulted in the need for
upgrades to the facilities of Harborview Medical Center. Between

December 2018 and January 2020, the Harborview leadership group, as
called for by Motion 15183, conducted analyses on the state of
Harborview Medical Center facilities, including the Pioneer Square Clinic,
which is part of the Harborview Medical Center owned by King County.
The Harborview leadership group was charged with making
recommendations on Harborview Medical Center's capital program to the
Capital Planning Oversight Committee, the Harborview Medical Center
Board of Trustees, the King County executive and the King County
council. The Harborview leadership group found that the aging
Harborview Medical Center physical plant limits the ability of Harborview
and King County to provide care and services to the residents of King
County and recommended improvements to the physical plant of
Harborview Medical Center.
5. A majority of Harborview Medical Center's facilities are aging and out
of date in terms of modern medical best practice standards for infection
control and privacy. Due to facility configuration, Harborview Medical
Center often operates at 100 percent capacity, and critical surge capacity
and emergency department capacity are limited. The majority of the
medical center's patient beds are in double patient rooms or multi patient
wards. On average, 50 patient beds per day cannot be used due to modern
infection control requirements for shared rooms. A new inpatient facility
would increase single bed capacity and enable Harborview Medical Center
to meet modern infection control and privacy standards. It would provide

66 surge capacity for the hospital to effectively respond to a disaster or mass 67 casualty event. 6. Harborview Medical Center is the designated disaster control hospital 68 for the region. The Harborview Medical Center facilities include older 69 70 masonry buildings that would suffer significant damage during an 71 earthquake. Building collapse or inaccessibility of buildings after an 72 earthquake would negatively impact facility operations during a disaster 73 by limiting availability of services and posing life-safety risks to patients, 74 employees and visitors. Seismically stabilizing buildings allows the 75 facilities to continue to operate during an earthquake and protects patients, 76 employees and visitors to the campus. 77 7. King County has a growing number of people experiencing unmet and 78 complex behavioral health needs, including substance use disorders. The 79 King County suicide rate has increased by an estimated 18 percent in the last decade. Clinical space is at capacity in Harborview Medical Center 80 81 facilities. Untreated behavioral health conditions can result in increased 82 involvement in the justice system through repeated jail bookings, and use 83 of involuntary commitment, as well as homelessness. Increasing and 84 improving behavioral health spaces in the Harborview Medical Center 85 facilities would result in improved behavioral health care through expanding space capacity and providing space for research and training on 86 behavioral health matters. The proposed bond measure would allow for 87 88 the expansion of addiction services by twenty percent and the integration

of substance use disorder treatment with academic medicine through
fellowships aimed to increase positive outcomes through treatment.
8. Individuals who are homeless or marginally housed stay in the hospital
longer than clinically indicated because they have nowhere else to go to
receive lower-acuity medical and recuperative care. There is a very small
number of respite beds in King County, resulting in a need that exceeds
supply. The lack of medical respite beds increases morbidity and
mortality among homeless and marginally housed patients, as well as
acting as a bottleneck for discharge from emergency departments and
hospital beds.
9. To protect and advance the public health and safety services provided
at Harborview Medical Center facilities, including its role as the
designated disaster control hospital for the region, King County requires
public health, safety and seismic improvements to Harborview Medical
Center facilities, as further described in Attachment A to this ordinance
(collectively, "the Improvements").
10. The recommendations of the Harborview leadership group are the
basis of the Improvements. Harborview's Capital Planning Oversight
Committee approved of the Harborview leadership group
recommendations on February 14, 2020. The Harborview Board of
Trustees approved the Harborview leadership group recommendations on
February 27, 2020. The King County executive transmitted the
Harborview leadership group recommendations to the King County

112	council on April 7, 2020.
113	11. Harborview Medical Center provides substantial economic benefit to
114	King County, employing over 4,450 individuals.
115	12. As illustrated by the 2020 pandemic COVID-19, there is a critical
116	need in King County for expanded medical facilities with greater capacity
117	for infectious disease control. The Improvements include facility
118	improvements that prioritize infection control through construction of
119	single patient rooms, modernized and expanded emergency department
120	and upgraded infrastructure.
121	13. Construction of the Improvements will create an estimated 7,700 jobs.
122	The construction is subject to King County's Master Community
123	Workforce Agreement approved by Ordinance 18672, which would create
124	an estimated 2,300 opportunities for apprenticeship and local hire.
125	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
126	SECTION 1. Findings - Authorization of Capital Improvements.
127	A. The county council hereby finds that all of the Harborview Medical Center
128	facilities in the county are a "public health and safety facility" as defined in RCW
129	36.89.010, and finds further that the essential public health and safety services provided
130	by this facility are of general benefit to all the residents of King County. To minimize
131	disruptions in the public health and safety service provided by Harborview Medical
132	Center, the county council therefore further finds that the best interests of all of the
133	residents of the county require the county undertake and finance public health, safety and
134	seismic improvements to Harborview Medical Center facilities, as further described on

- Attachment A to this ordinance and incorporated herein by this reference (collectively, "the Improvements").
- B. In accordance with RCW 36.89.040, the county council hereby finds and declares that the proposition authorized to be submitted to the voters by this ordinance and the Improvements authorized thereby and described in this ordinance have for their object the furtherance and accomplishment of a system of public health and safety facilities for the benefit of all the residents of King County and constitute a single purpose.
- C. The cost of all necessary design, engineering and other consulting services, inspection and testing, administrative expenses including project administration and election expenses, permitting and mitigation costs and the other costs incurred in connection with the Improvements shall be deemed a part of the costs of the Improvements.
- D. The total estimated cost of the Improvements, including the cost of issuing and selling the Bonds provided in this ordinance, is declared to be, as nearly as may be determined, the amount of \$1,740,000,000.
- E. The exact timing and specifications for projects included in the Improvements shall be determined by the county.
- F. If the county council determines that it has become impractical to acquire, construct or equip any portion of the Improvements by reason of changed conditions, or costs substantially in excess of the amount of the Bond proceeds or other funds estimated to be available, the county shall not be required to acquire, construct or equip such portions and may apply the Bond proceeds to other portions of the Improvements.

G. If proceeds of the Bonds, plus other funds of the county legally available for
the Improvements, are insufficient to accomplish all of the Improvements, the county will
use the Bond proceeds and other available funds for those of the Improvements deemed
by the county council as most necessary and in the best interest of the county.

H. If all of the Improvements shall have been accomplished or duly provided for, or those that are not accomplished or duly provided for are found to be impractical, the county may apply the Bond proceeds or any portion thereof to the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds or to other capital improvements in furtherance of the public health and safety system, as the council, by ordinance and in its discretion, shall determine.

SECTION 2. Authorization of Bonds.

A. For the purpose of providing part of the moneys necessary to pay costs of the Improvements, together with incidental costs and costs related to the issuance and sale of the Bonds, including capitalized interest, the county shall issue and sell its unlimited tax general obligation Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of not to exceed \$1,740,000,000. The Bonds shall be issued in an amount not exceeding the amount approved by the qualified electors of the county or exceeding the amount permitted by the constitution and laws of the state of Washington. The balance, if any, of the cost of the Improvements shall be paid out of any money that the county now has or may later have on hand that is legally available for such purpose.

B. The Bonds to be issued shall be issued in such amounts and at such time or times as found necessary and advisable by the county council. The Bonds may be issued in one or more series and shall bear interest payable at a rate or rates not to exceed the

maximum rate permitted by law at the time the Bonds are sold. Any series of Bonds shall		
mature in such amounts at such times within a maximum term of 20 years from the date		
of issue of the series, but may mature at an earlier date or dates as authorized by the		
county council and as provided by law. The exact date, form, terms, options of		
redemption, maturities and conditions of sale of the Bonds shall be as hereafter fixed by		
ordinance of the county council passed for such purpose. The Bonds shall be general		
obligations of the county and, unless paid from other sources, both principal of and		
interest on the Bonds shall be payable out of annual tax levies to be made upon all the		
taxable property within the county without limitation as to rate or amount and in excess		
of any constitutional or statutory tax limitations. After voter approval of the Bond		
proposition and in anticipation of the issuance of the Bonds, the county may issue short		
term obligations as authorized by chapter 39.50 RCW. Proceeds of the Bonds may be		
used to redeem and retire short term obligations or to reimburse the county for		
expenditures previously made for the Improvements.		
SECTION 3. Bonds Election.		
The clerk of the council shall certify the following proposition to the director of		
elections, in substantially the following form, with such additions, deletions or		
modifications as may be required by the prosecuting attorney:		
KING COUNTY PROPOSITION NO		
HARBORVIEW MEDICAL CENTER		
HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPROVEMENT BONDS - \$1,740,000,000		
The Metropolitan King County Council has passed Ordinance		
concerning this proposition to issue Harborview Medical Center		

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204	improvement bonds. This proposition would authorize King County to
205	make public health, safety and seismic improvements to Harborview
206	Medical Center facilities, including construction of new buildings,
207	renovation and upgrading of existing facilities and demolition of existing
208	buildings, and to issue \$1,740,000,000 of general obligation bonds
209	maturing within a maximum of 20 years to pay for such improvements and
210	to levy property taxes annually in excess of regular property tax levies to
211	repay such bonds, all as provided in Ordinance Should the
212	proposition be:
213	Approved
214	Rejected
215	SECTION 4. Severability. In the event one or more of the provisions of
216	this ordinance shall for any reason be held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not
217	affect or invalidate any other provision of this ordinance or the Bonds, and this
218	ordinance and the Bonds shall be construed and enforced as if the invalid
219	provision is separable from and was not contained in this ordinance. Any

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- provision that shall for any reason be invalid shall be deemed to be in effect to the
- extent permitted by law.

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Ordinance 19117 was introduced on 4/28/2020 and passed as amended by the Metropolitan King County Council on 6/23/2020, by the following vote:

Yes: 9 - Ms. Balducci, Mr. Dembowski, Mr. Dunn, Ms. Kohl-Welles, Ms. Lambert, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Upthegrove, Mr. von Reichbauer and Mr. Zahilay

KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Docusigned by:

Uaudia Balduui

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Claudia Balducci, Chair

ATTEST:

Melani Rediga

Melani Pedroza, Clerk of the Council

APPROVED this 8 day of July 2020.

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Dow Constantine, County Executive

Attachments: A. Health and Safety Improvements for Harborview Medical Center, dated June 23, 2020

June 23, 2020 19117 ATTACHMENT A

Health and Safety Improvements for Harborview Medical Center

- New construction and renovation of existing buildings to provide for: increasing critical health care capacity; updating and expanding infection control capability; and expanding capacity for behavioral health services, including facilities for substance use disorder and mental health treatment.
- Renovation, retrofitting, and improvements to existing buildings to increase seismic stability.
- Upgrade of mechanical, electrical, way finding, and other building and physical plant systems.
- Street improvements, landscaping, and mitigation required in connection with the above improvements.
- Demolition of buildings.