

#19193

Structural Calculations For:
Vashon Housing

AT

9914 SW 188th ST
Vashon, WA 98070



01/16/2020

Client: Form + Function Architecture
1800 Westlake Ave. N #205
Seattle, WA 98109

Leg



Untitled Map

Write a description for your map.

SITE LOCATION

Southworth N47.51°

N47.49°

N47.47°

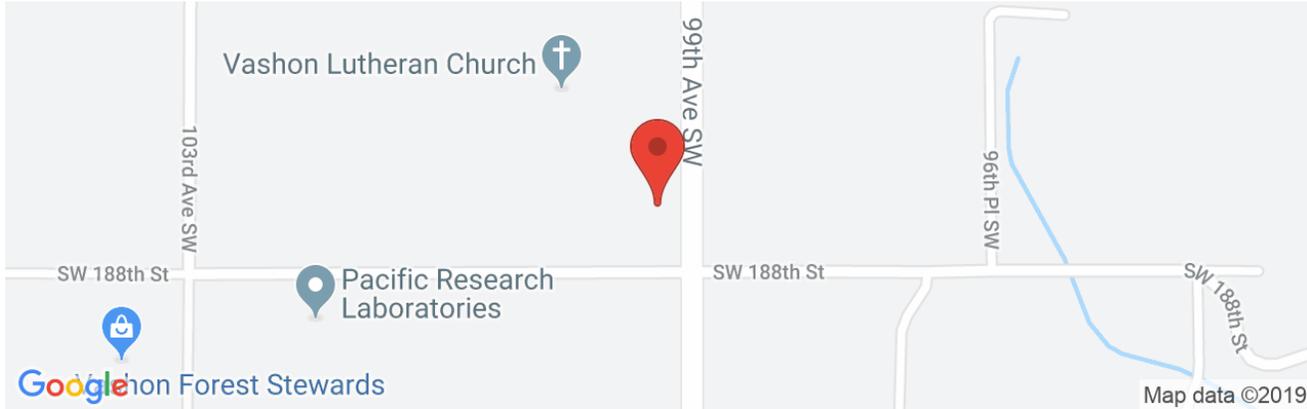
N47.45°

9914 SW 188th St



Vashon Island Housing Center

Latitude, Longitude: 47.436949, -122.460848



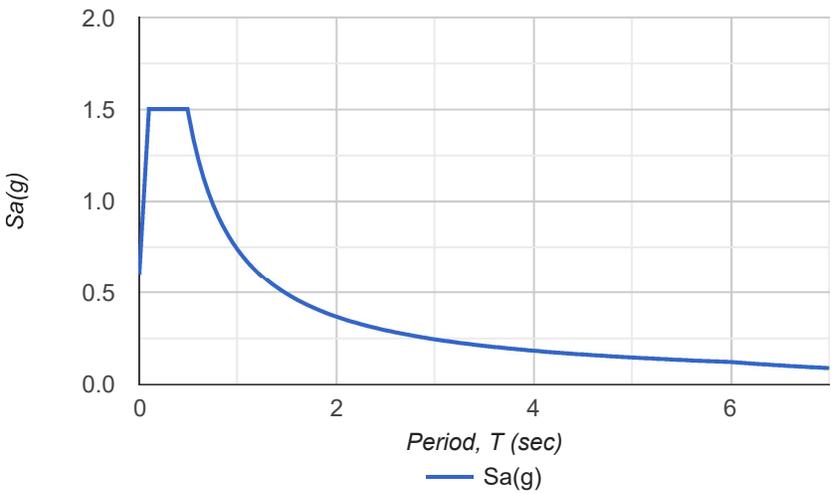
Date	11/25/2019, 12:13:48 PM
Design Code Reference Document	ASCE7-10
Risk Category	II
Site Class	C - Very Dense Soil and Soft Rock

Type	Value	Description
S _s	1.502	MCE _R ground motion. (for 0.2 second period)
S ₁	0.566	MCE _R ground motion. (for 1.0s period)
S _{MS}	1.502	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
S _{M1}	0.736	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
S _{DS}	1.001	Numeric seismic design value at 0.2 second SA
S _{D1}	0.491	Numeric seismic design value at 1.0 second SA

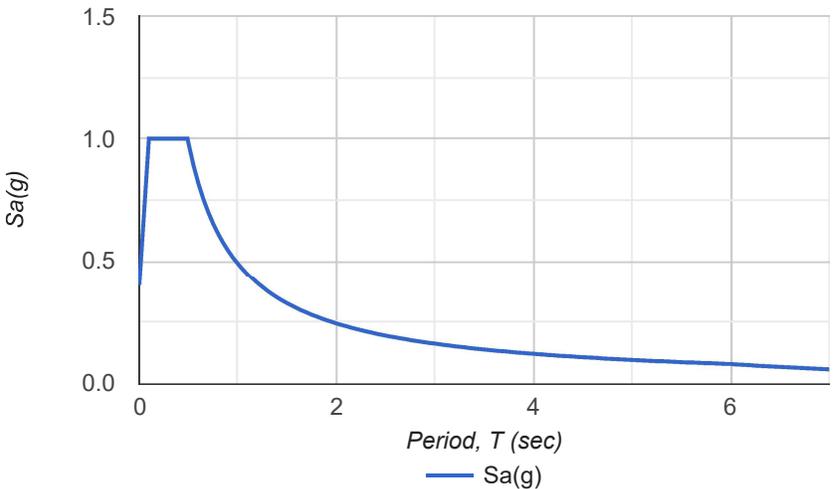
Type	Value	Description
SDC	D	Seismic design category
F _a	1	Site amplification factor at 0.2 second
F _v	1.3	Site amplification factor at 1.0 second
PGA	0.618	MCE _G peak ground acceleration
F _{PGA}	1	Site amplification factor at PGA
PGA _M	0.618	Site modified peak ground acceleration
T _L	6	Long-period transition period in seconds
SsRT	1.502	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion. (0.2 second)
SsUH	1.591	Factored uniform-hazard (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years) spectral acceleration
SsD	2.851	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (0.2 second)
S1RT	0.566	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion. (1.0 second)
S1UH	0.61	Factored uniform-hazard (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years) spectral acceleration.
S1D	0.91	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (1.0 second)
PGAd	1.019	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (Peak Ground Acceleration)
C _{RS}	0.944	Mapped value of the risk coefficient at short periods

Type	Value	Description
CR1	0.929	Mapped value of the risk coefficient at a period of 1 s

MCER Response Spectrum



Design Response Spectrum



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IBC2012 (1613), ASCE 7-10 CHAPTER 11, 12, 13 SEISMIC DESIGN CRITERIA

Response Spectral Acc. (0.2 sec) $S_s = 1.502 g$ [Figure 22-1,22-3,22-5,22-6](#)
 Response Spectral Acc. (1.0 sec) $S_1 = 0.566 g$ [Figure 22-2,22-4,22-5,22-6](#)

Soil Site Class **C** Table 20-3-1, Default = D
 Site Coefficient $F_a = 1.000$ Table 11.4-1
 Site Coefficient $F_v = 1.300$ Table 11.4-2
 Max Considered Earthquake Acc. $S_{MS} = F_a \cdot S_s = 1.502g$ (11.4-1)
 Max Considered Earthquake Acc. $S_{M1} = F_v \cdot S_1 = 0.736g$ (11.4-2)
 @ 5% Damped Design $S_{DS} = 2/3(S_{MS}) = 1.001g$ (11.4-3)
 $S_{D1} = 2/3(S_{M1}) = 0.491g$ (11.4-4)

Building Risk Categories **II, Standard** Table 1604.5
Design Category Consideration: Flexible Diaphragm with dist. between seismic resisting system >40ft
 Seismic Design Category for 0.1sec **D** Table 11.6-1
 Seismic Design Category for 1.0sec **D** Table 11.6-2
 $S_1 < .75g$ **NA** Section 11.6
 Since $T_a < .8T_s$ (see below), SDC = **D** Control (exception of Section 11.6 does not apply)

IBC, Seismic Design Category D IRC, Seismic Design Category= D2 T-R301.2.2.1.1

12.8 Equivalent lateral force procedure

A. BEARING WALL SYSTEMS T-12.2-

Seismic Force Resisting Systems 15. Light-framed (wood) walls sheathed with wood structural panels rated for shear resistance or steel

$C_t = 0.02$ $x = 0.75$ T-12.8-2
 Building ht. $H_n = 20$ ft Limited Building Height (ft) = **65**
 $C_u = 1.400$ for S_{D1} of 0.491g Table 12.8-1
 Approx Fundamental period, $T_a = C_t(h_n)^x = 0.189$ 12.8-7 $T_L = 4.000$ Sec
 Calculated T shall not exceed $C_u \cdot T_a = 0.265$ Use T = sec.
 $0.8T_s = 0.8(S_{D1}/S_{DS}) = 0.392$ Control (exception of Section 11.6 does not apply)

Is structure Regular & ≤ 5 stories ? 12.8.1.3
 Response Spectral Acc. (0.2 sec) $S_s = 1.500g$ *Max Ss ≤ 1.5g*

$F_a = 1.00$
 @ 5% Damped Design $S_{DS} = 2/3(F_a \cdot S_s) = 1.000g$ (11.4-3)
 Response Modification Coef. $R = 6.5$ Table-12.2-1
 Over Strength Factor $\Omega_o = 2.5$ foot note g
 Importance factor $I = 1$ T 1.5-2

Seismic Base Shear $V = C_s W$
 $C_s = \frac{S_{DS}}{R/I} = 0.154$ (12.8-2)
 or need not to exceed, $C_s = \frac{S_{D1}}{(R/I) \cdot T} = 0.399$ For $T \leq T_L$ (12.8-3)
 or $C_s = \frac{S_{D1} T_L}{T^2 (R/I)}$ N/A For $T > T_L$ (12.8-4)
 C_s shall not be less than $= 0.044 S_{DS} I \geq 0.01 = 0.044$ (12.8-5)
 Min $C_s = 0.5 S_1 / R$ N/A For $S_1 \geq 0.6g$ (12.8-6)
 Use $C_s = 0.154$

Design base shear $V = 0.154 W$ Control

12.14 Simplified Seismic base shear

15. Light-framed (wood) walls sheathed with wood structural panels rated for shear resistance or steel T-12.14

@ 5% Damped Design $S_{DS} = 1.001$ SDC = D T-11.6-1 Limitations: **P**
 $F = 1.2$ For three story building $R = 6.5$
 $V = \frac{F S_{DS} (W)}{R} = 0.185 W$ (12.14-11)

13.3 Seismic Demands on Nonstructural Components

$$F_p = 0.4 a_p S_{DS} W_p (1+2z/h) / (R_p/I_p) \quad (13.3-1)$$

$a_p = 1$ $R_p = 2.5$ T-13.5-1 or 13.6-1

$I_p = 1.5$ 13.1.3

$z = 10 \text{ ft}$ $h = 10 \text{ ft}$ $F_p = 0.721 W_p$

Max $F_p = 1.6 S_{DS} I_p W_p = 2.403 W_p$ (13.3-2)

Min $F_p = 0.3 S_{DS} I_p W_p = 0.451 W_p$ (13.3-3)

$F_p = 0.721 W_p$

12.11.1 Design for Out-of-Plane Forces

$F_p = 0.40 S_{DS} I W_w$ 12.11.1

$= 0.401(W)$

12.11.2 Anchorage of structural Walls and Transfer of Design Force into Diaphragm

or $F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} k_a I_e W_p$ (12.11-1)

$k_a = 1 + L_r/100$ $L_r = 50 \text{ ft}$

Amplification factor for diaphragm, $k_s = 1.50$

$F_p = 0.600 W_p$

12.4.3 Seismic Load Effect Including Overstrength (12.4-5, 12.4-6)

$E_M = \Omega_o Q_E \pm 0.2 S_{DS} D$

Where $\Omega_o = 2.5$ $0.2 S_{DS} D = 0.201(D)$

Deflection Amplification factor $C_d = 4$ T 12.2-1

15.3 Nonbuilding structures

Response Modification Coef. $R = 6$ From T-15.4-1

Importance factor $I = 1$ 15.4.1.1

For flexible nonbuilding, $C_s = 0.167 W$ Min Requirement from Section 12.8

Min $C_s = 0.044 S_{DS} I$ = 0.044 (15.4-1)

or $C_s = 0.8 S_1 I / R$ N/A, $S_1 < 0.6$ (15.4-2)

$V = 0.167 W$

For rigid nonbuilding, $C_s = 0.3 S_{DS} I$ (15.4-5)

$= 0.300 W$

multiplied by the wall area of the building and 8 lb/ft² (0.38 kN/m²) multiplied by the roof area of the building projected onto a vertical plane normal to the assumed wind direction.

PART 2: ENCLOSED SIMPLE DIAPHRAGM LOW-RISE BUILDINGS

28.5 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The steps required for the determination of MWFRS wind loads on enclosed simple diaphragm buildings are shown in Table 28.5-1.

User Note: Part 2 of Chapter 28 is a simplified method to determine the wind pressure on the MWFRS of enclosed simple diaphragm *low-rise buildings* having a flat, gable or hip roof. The wind pressures are *obtained directly from a table* and applied on horizontal and vertical projected surfaces of the building. This method is a simplification of the Envelope Procedure contained in Part 1 of Chapter 28.

28.5.1 Wind Load Parameters Specified in Chapter 26

The following wind load parameters are specified in Chapter 26:

- Basic Wind Speed V (Section 26.5)
- Exposure category (Section 26.7)
- Topographic factor K_{zt} (Section 26.8)
- Enclosure classification (Section 26.10)

Table 28.5-1 Steps to Determine Wind Loads on MWFRS Simple Diaphragm Low-Rise Buildings

<p>Step 1: Determine risk category of building or other structure, see Table 1.5-1</p> <p>Step 2: Determine the basic wind speed, V, for applicable risk category, see Fig. 26.5-1A, B or C</p> <p>Step 3: Determine wind load parameters: > Exposure category B, C or D, see Section 26.7 > Topographic factor, K_{zt}, see Section 26.8 and Fig. 26.8-1</p> <p>Step 4: Enter figure to determine wind pressures for $h = 30$ ft (9.1 m), p_{s30}, see Fig. 28.6-1</p> <p>Step 5: Enter figure to determine adjustment for building height and exposure, λ, see Fig. 28.6-1</p> <p>Step 6: Determine adjusted wind pressures, p_s, see Eq. 28.6-1</p>
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28.6 WIND LOADS—MAIN WIND-FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM

28.6.1 Scope

A building whose design wind loads are determined in accordance with this section shall meet all the conditions of Section 28.6.2. If a building does not meet all of the conditions of Section 28.6.2, then its MWFRS wind loads shall be determined by Part 1 of this chapter, by the Directional Procedure of Chapter 27, or by the Wind Tunnel Procedure of Chapter 31.

28.6.2 Conditions

For the design of MWFRS the building shall comply with all of the following conditions:

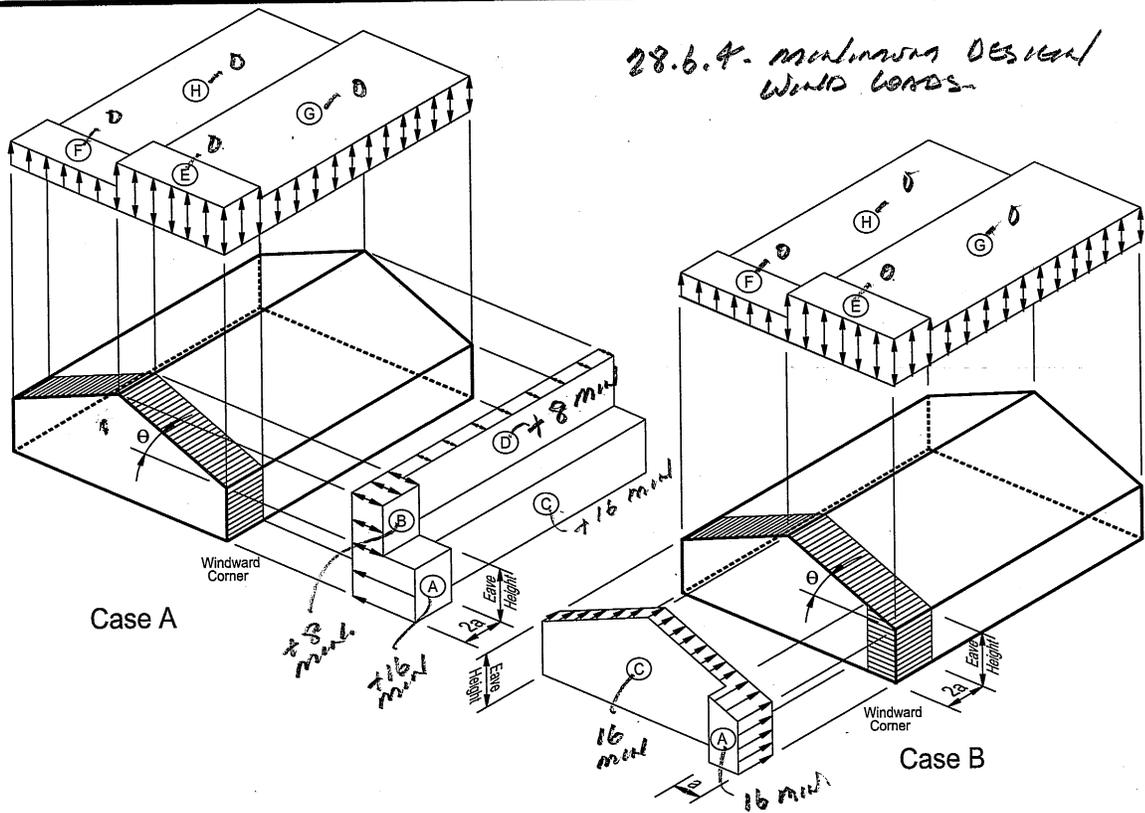
1. The building is a simple diaphragm building as defined in Section 26.2.
2. The building is a low-rise building as defined in Section 26.2.
3. The building is enclosed as defined in Section 26.2 and conforms to the wind-borne debris provisions of Section 26.10.3.
4. The building is a regular-shaped building or structure as defined in Section 26.2.
5. The building is not classified as a flexible building as defined in Section 26.2.
6. The building does not have response characteristics making it subject to across wind loading, vortex shedding, instability due to galloping or flutter; and it does not have a site location for which channeling effects or buffeting in the wake of upwind obstructions warrant special consideration.
7. The building has an approximately symmetrical cross-section in each direction with either a flat roof or a gable or hip roof with $\theta \leq 45^\circ$.
8. The building is exempted from torsional load cases as indicated in Note 5 of Fig. 28.4-1, or the torsional load cases defined in Note 5 do not control the design of any of the MWFRS of the building.

28.6.3 Design Wind Loads

Simplified design wind pressures, p_s , for the MWFRS of low-rise simple diaphragm buildings represent the net pressures (sum of internal and external) to be applied to the horizontal and vertical projections of building surfaces as shown in Fig. 28.6-1. For the horizontal pressures (Zones A, B, C, D), p_s is the combination of the windward and

Height
 $\lambda = 0.2 (28)^{.75} = .29$
 $V_{30} = 3.1 / 1.2 = 2.6$
 $V_{30} = 1.29$
 Wood Framing
 Frequency
 $V_{30} = 1.29$

Main Wind Force Resisting System – Method 2		$h \leq 60$ ft.
Figure 28.6-1	Design Wind Pressures	Walls & Roofs
Enclosed Buildings		



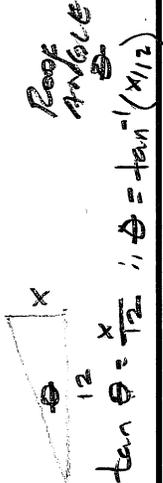
Notes:

1. Pressures shown are applied to the horizontal and vertical projections, for exposure B, at $h=30$ ft (9.1m). Adjust to other exposures and heights with adjustment factor λ .
2. The load patterns shown shall be applied to each corner of the building in turn as the reference corner. (See Figure 28.4-1)
3. For Case B use $\theta = 0^\circ$.
4. Load cases 1 and 2 must be checked for $25^\circ < \theta \leq 45^\circ$. Load case 2 at 25° is provided only for interpolation between 25° and 30° .
5. Plus and minus signs signify pressures acting toward and away from the projected surfaces, respectively.
6. For roof slopes other than those shown, linear interpolation is permitted.
7. ~~The total horizontal load shall not be less than that determined by assuming $p_s = 0$ in zones B & D.~~
8. Where zone E or G falls on a roof overhang on the windward side of the building, use E_{OH} and G_{OH} for the pressure on the horizontal projection of the overhang. Overhangs on the leeward and side edges shall have the basic zone pressure applied.
9. Notation:
 - a: 10 percent of least horizontal dimension or $0.4h$, whichever is smaller, but not less than either 4% of least horizontal dimension or 3 ft (0.9 m).
 - h: Mean roof height, in feet (meters), except that eave height shall be used for roof angles $< 10^\circ$.
 - θ : Angle of plane of roof from horizontal, in degrees.

11:12 = 42.5°
12:12 = 45°

6:12 = 26.6°
7:12 = 30.3°
8:12 = 33.7°
9:12 = 36.9°
10:12 = 39.8°

2:12 = 9.5°
3:12 = 14°
4:12 = 18.4°
5:12 = 22.6°



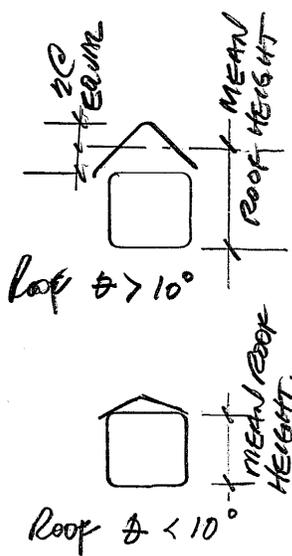
Main Wind Force Resisting System – Method 2				h ≤ 60 ft.								
Figure 28.6-1 (cont'd)		Design Wind Pressures		Walls & Roofs								
Enclosed Buildings												
Simplified Design Wind Pressure, p_{s30} (psf) (Exposure B at h = 30 ft. with I = 1.0)												
Basic Wind Speed (mph)	Roof Angle (degrees)	Load Case	Zones									
			Horizontal Pressures				Vertical Pressures				Overhangs	
			A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	EOH	GOH
110	0 to 5°	1	19.2	-10.0	12.7	-5.9	-23.1	-13.1	-16.0	-10.1	-32.3	-25.3
	10°	1	21.6	-9.0	14.4	-5.2	-23.1	-14.1	-16.0	-10.8	-32.3	-25.3
	15°	1	24.1	-8.0	16.0	-4.6	-23.1	-15.1	-16.0	-11.5	-32.3	-25.3
	20°	1	26.6	-7.0	17.7	-3.9	-23.1	-16.0	-16.0	-12.2	-32.3	-25.3
	25°	1	24.1	3.9	17.4	4.0	-10.7	-14.6	-7.7	-11.7	-19.9	-17.0
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-4.1	-7.9	-1.1	-5.1	-----	-----
115	0 to 5°	1	21.0	-10.9	13.9	-6.5	-25.2	-14.3	-17.5	-11.1	-35.3	-27.6
	10°	1	23.7	-9.8	15.7	-5.7	-25.2	-15.4	-17.5	-11.8	-35.3	-27.6
	15°	1	26.3	-8.7	17.5	-5.0	-25.2	-16.5	-17.5	-12.6	-35.3	-27.6
	20°	1	29.0	-7.7	19.4	-4.2	-25.2	-17.5	-17.5	-13.3	-35.3	-27.6
	25°	1	26.3	4.2	19.1	4.3	-11.7	-15.9	-8.5	-12.8	-21.8	-18.5
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-4.4	-8.7	-1.2	-5.5	-----	-----
120	0 to 5°	1	22.8	-11.9	15.1	-7.0	-27.4	-15.6	-19.1	-12.1	-38.4	-30.1
	10°	1	25.8	-10.7	17.1	-6.2	-27.4	-16.8	-19.1	-12.9	-38.4	-30.1
	15°	1	28.7	-9.5	19.1	-5.4	-27.4	-17.9	-19.1	-13.7	-38.4	-30.1
	20°	1	31.6	-8.3	21.1	-4.6	-27.4	-19.1	-19.1	-14.5	-38.4	-30.1
	25°	1	28.6	4.6	20.7	4.7	-12.7	-17.3	-9.2	-13.9	-23.7	-20.2
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-4.8	-9.4	-1.3	-6.0	-----	-----
130	0 to 5°	1	25.7	-12.9	16.4	-7.7	-29.6	-16.9	-20.4	-12.9	-41.5	-32.9
	10°	1	28.7	-11.7	18.4	-6.9	-29.6	-18.1	-20.4	-13.7	-41.5	-32.9
	15°	1	31.6	-10.5	20.4	-6.1	-29.6	-19.3	-20.4	-14.5	-41.5	-32.9
	20°	1	34.6	-9.3	22.4	-5.3	-29.6	-20.5	-20.4	-15.3	-41.5	-32.9
	25°	1	31.6	5.4	22.3	5.5	-14.9	-20.4	-10.8	-16.4	-27.8	-23.7
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-5.7	-11.1	-1.5	-7.1	-----	-----
140	0 to 5°	1	30.1	-13.9	17.8	-8.2	-32.2	-18.3	-22.4	-14.2	-45.1	-35.3
	10°	1	33.2	-12.7	19.8	-7.4	-32.2	-19.5	-22.4	-15.1	-45.1	-35.3
	15°	1	36.3	-11.5	21.8	-6.6	-32.2	-20.7	-22.4	-16.1	-45.1	-35.3
	20°	1	39.4	-10.3	23.8	-5.8	-32.2	-21.9	-22.4	-17.0	-45.1	-35.3
	25°	1	36.3	6.3	23.7	6.4	-17.3	-23.6	-12.5	-19.0	-32.3	-27.5
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-6.6	-12.8	-1.8	-8.2	-----	-----
150	0 to 5°	1	35.0	-14.9	19.1	-8.7	-34.9	-19.7	-24.4	-15.6	-48.7	-38.7
	10°	1	38.1	-13.7	21.1	-7.9	-34.9	-20.9	-24.4	-16.5	-48.7	-38.7
	15°	1	41.2	-12.5	23.1	-7.1	-34.9	-22.1	-24.4	-17.4	-48.7	-38.7
	20°	1	44.3	-11.3	25.1	-6.3	-34.9	-23.3	-24.4	-18.3	-48.7	-38.7
	25°	1	41.2	7.2	25.0	7.4	-19.9	-27.1	-14.4	-21.8	-37.0	-31.6
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-7.5	-14.7	-2.1	-9.4	-----	-----
30 to 45	1	40.1	27.4	31.9	22.0	3.1	-24.4	1.0	-20.9	-14.1	-16.1	
	2	40.1	27.4	31.9	22.0	15.4	-12.0	13.4	-8.6	-14.1	-16.1	

Unit Conversions – 1.0 ft = 0.3048 m; 1.0 psf = 0.0479 kN/m²

Main Wind Force Resisting System – Method 2		h ≤ 60 ft.
Figure 28.6-1 (cont'd)	Design Wind Pressures	Walls & Roofs
Enclosed Buildings		

Simplified Design Wind Pressure, p_{s30} (psf) (Exposure B at h = 30 ft.)

Basic Wind Speed (mph)	Roof Angle (degrees)	Load Case	Zones									
			Horizontal Pressures				Vertical Pressures				Overhangs	
			A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	E _{OH}	G _{OH}
160	0 to 5°	1	40.6	-21.1	26.9	-12.5	-48.8	-27.7	-34.0	-21.5	-68.3	-53.5
	10°	1	45.8	-19.0	30.4	-11.1	-48.8	-29.8	-34.0	-22.9	-68.3	-53.5
	15°	1	51.0	-16.9	34.0	-9.6	-48.8	-31.9	-34.0	-24.3	-68.3	-53.5
	20°	1	56.2	-14.8	37.5	-8.2	-48.8	-34.0	-34.0	-25.8	-68.3	-53.5
	25°	1	50.9	8.2	36.9	8.4	-22.6	-30.8	-16.4	-24.8	-42.1	-35.9
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-8.6	-16.8	-2.3	-10.7	-----	-----
	30 to 45	1	45.7	31.2	36.3	25.0	3.5	-27.7	1.2	-23.8	-16.0	-18.3
		2	45.7	31.2	36.3	25.0	17.6	-13.7	15.2	-9.8	-16.0	-18.3
180	0 to 5°	1	51.4	-26.7	34.1	-15.8	-61.7	-35.1	-43.0	-27.2	-86.4	-67.7
	10°	1	58.0	-24.0	38.5	-14.0	-61.7	-37.7	-43.0	-29.0	-86.4	-67.7
	15°	1	64.5	-21.4	43.0	-12.2	-61.7	-40.3	-43.0	-30.8	-86.4	-67.7
	20°	1	71.1	-18.8	47.4	-10.4	-61.7	-43.0	-43.0	-32.6	-86.4	-67.7
	25°	1	64.5	10.4	46.7	10.6	-28.6	-39.0	-20.7	-31.4	-53.3	-45.4
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-10.9	-21.2	-3.0	-13.6	-----	-----
	30 to 45	1	57.8	39.5	45.9	31.6	4.4	-35.1	1.5	-30.1	-20.3	-23.2
		2	57.8	39.5	45.9	31.6	22.2	-17.3	19.3	-12.3	-20.3	-23.2
200	0 to 5°	1	63.4	-32.9	42.1	-19.5	-76.2	-43.3	-53.1	-33.5	-106.7	-83.5
	10°	1	71.5	-29.7	47.6	-17.3	-76.2	-46.5	-53.1	-35.8	-106.7	-83.5
	15°	1	79.7	-26.4	53.1	-15.0	-76.2	-49.8	-53.1	-38.0	-106.7	-83.5
	20°	1	87.8	-23.2	58.5	-12.8	-76.2	-53.1	-53.1	-40.2	-106.7	-83.5
	25°	1	79.6	12.8	57.6	13.1	-35.4	-48.2	-25.6	-38.7	-65.9	-56.1
		2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-13.4	-26.2	-3.7	-16.8	-----	-----
	30 to 45	1	71.3	48.8	56.7	39.0	5.5	-43.3	1.8	-37.2	-25.0	-28.7
		2	71.3	48.8	56.7	39.0	27.4	-21.3	23.8	-15.2	-25.0	-28.7



Adjustment Factor for Building Height and Exposure, λ

Mean roof height (ft)	Exposure		
	B	C	D
15	1.00	1.21	1.47
20	1.00	1.29	1.55
25	1.00	1.35	1.61
30	1.00	1.40	1.66
35	1.05	1.45	1.70
40	1.09	1.49	1.74
45	1.12	1.53	1.78
50	1.16	1.56	1.81
55	1.19	1.59	1.84
60	1.22	1.62	1.87

Unit Conversions – 1.0 ft = 0.3048 m; 1.0 psf = 0.0479 kN/m²

leeward net pressures, p_s , shall be determined by the following equation:

$$p_s = \lambda K_z p_{s30} \quad (28.6-1)$$

where

λ = adjustment factor for building height and exposure from Fig. 28.6-1

K_z = topographic factor as defined in Section 26.8 evaluated at mean roof height, h

p_{s30} = simplified design wind pressure for Exposure B, at $h = 30$ ft (9.1 m) from Fig. 28.6-1

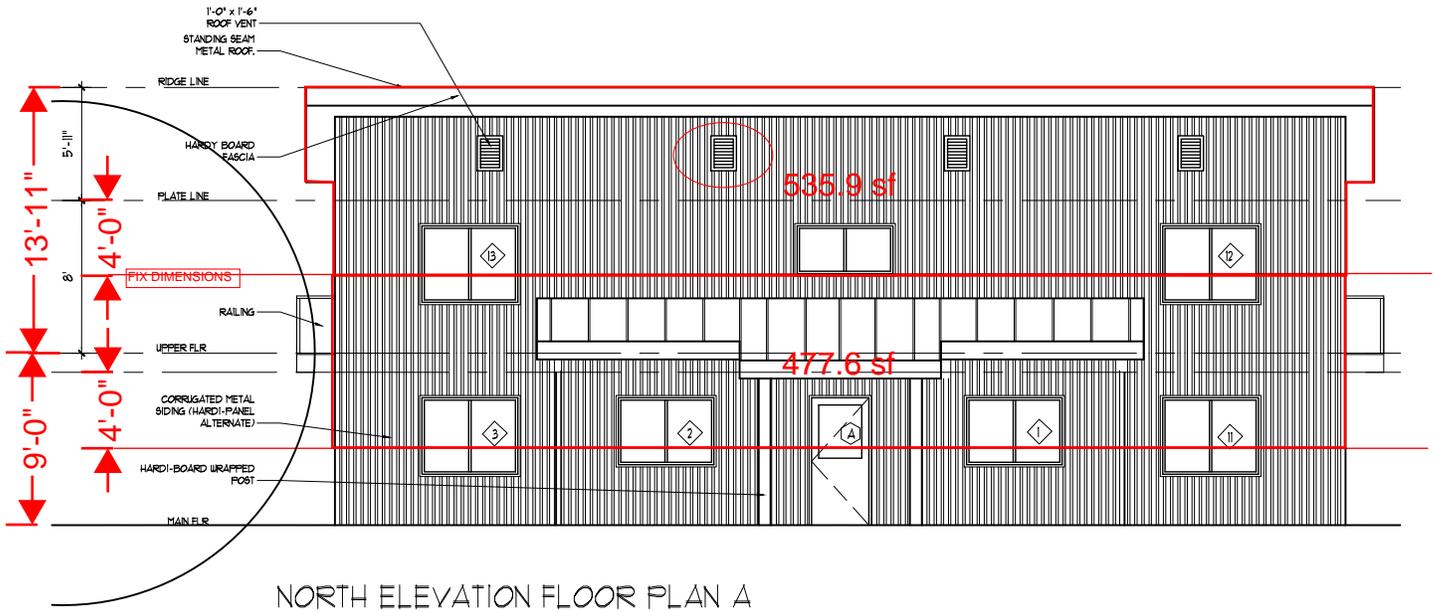
28.6.4 Minimum Design Wind Loads

The load effects of the design wind pressures from Section 28.6.3 shall not be less than a minimum load defined by assuming the pressures, p_s , for zones A and C equal to +16 psf, Zones B and D equal to +8 psf, while assuming p_s for Zones E, F, G, and H are equal to 0 psf.

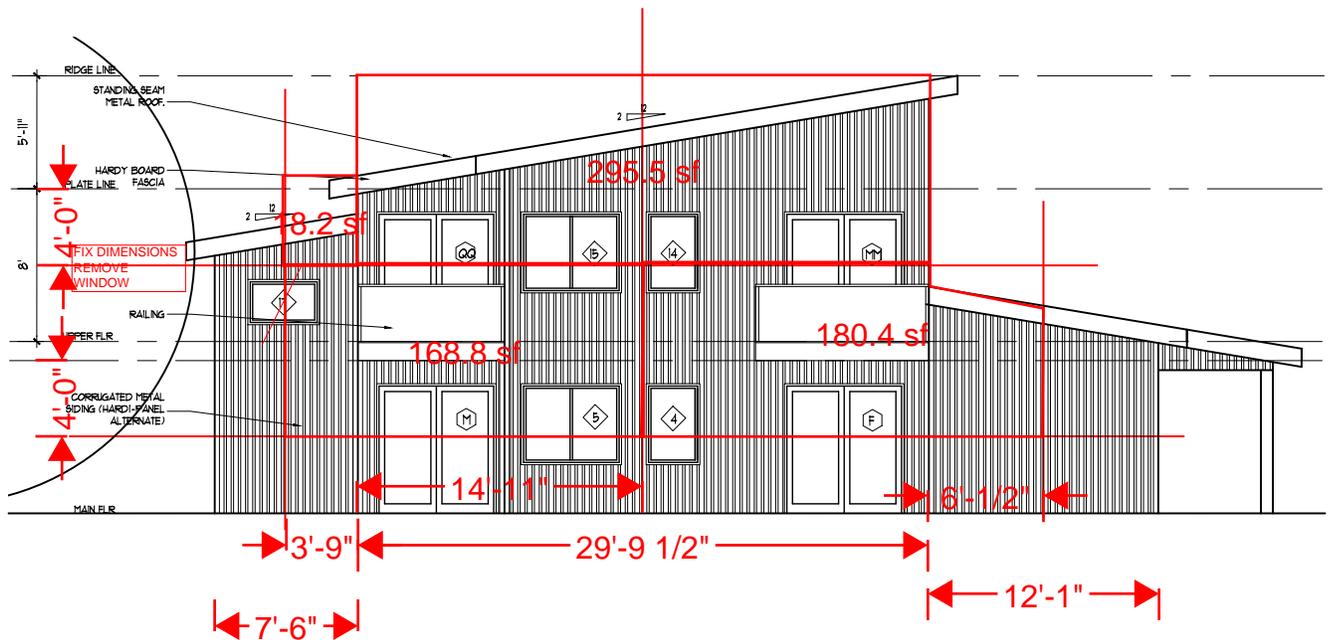
3 DIFFERENT DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

1. P_{s30} PRESSURES.
2. P_s NO PRESSURES W/ $P_{s30} = 0$ W/ "B & D" ZONES (SEE FIGURE 28.6-1 NOTES #7)
3. P_s A & C = 16 PSF
 P_s B & D = 8 PSF

ALLOWABLE SHEAR VALUES							
sw_type_b_7/16_131_2_1/2_16oc_or_long_h							
mark	species		E asd	Table 4.3A		W asd	Table 4.3A
P6TN	DF	sw_type_b_p6tn_df_e	150	NDS 4.1.7	sw_type_b_p6tn_df_w	150	NDS 4.1.7
	HF	sw_type_b_p6tn_hf_e	150		sw_type_b_p6tn_hf_w	150	
P6	DF	sw_type_b_p6_df_e	260	520	sw_type_b_p6_df_w	365	730
	HF	sw_type_b_p6_hf_e	242		sw_type_b_p6_hf_w	339	
P4	DF	sw_type_b_p4_df_e	380	760	sw_type_b_p4_df_w	533	1065
	HF	sw_type_b_p4_hf_e	353		sw_type_b_p4_hf_w	495	
P3	DF	sw_type_b_p3_df_e	490	980	sw_type_b_p3_df_w	685	1370
	HF	sw_type_b_p3_hf_e	456		sw_type_b_p3_hf_w	637	
P2	DF	sw_type_b_p2_df_e	640	1280	sw_type_b_p2_df_w	895	1790
	HF	sw_type_b_p2_hf_e	595		sw_type_b_p2_hf_w	832	
2P4	DF	sw_type_b_2p4_df_e	760	1520	sw_type_b_2p4_df_w	1065	2130
	HF	sw_type_b_2p4_hf_e	707		sw_type_b_2p4_hf_w	990	
2P3	DF	sw_type_b_2p3_df_e	980	1960	sw_type_b_2p3_df_w	1370	2740
	HF	sw_type_b_2p3_hf_e	911		sw_type_b_2p3_hf_w	1274	
2P2	DF	sw_type_b_2p2_df_e	1280	2560	sw_type_b_2p2_df_w	1790	3580
	HF	sw_type_b_2p2_hf_e	1190		sw_type_b_2p2_hf_w	1665	



1/4"=1'-0"



Project: VASCO ISLAND HOUSING CENTER

Date: 01/16/2020

Client: _____

Page Number: _____

LATERAL ANALYSIS.

914 SOUTHWEST 188TH STREET → Lat 47.436949° Lon -122.460848
VASCO ISLAND, WASHINGTON
ELEVATION = 384'

WIND LOADS CONTROLLED BY INSPECTION

TRANSVERSE WIND LOADS.

- ROOF LEVEL LOADS.

$$(536/2)(16 \text{ PSF}) = 4290 \text{ \#} = 2574 \text{ \#}; \frac{2574 \text{ \#}}{(6' + 7')} = 198 \text{ \#/ft} \quad \boxed{P6 \text{ OK}}$$

$$(536/2)(16 \text{ PSF}) = 4290 \text{ \#} = 2574 \text{ \#}; \frac{2574 \text{ \#}}{(6' + 7')} = 198 \text{ \#/ft} \quad \boxed{P6 \text{ OK}}$$

OVERTURNING = $.198(8') = 1584 \text{ \#} \Rightarrow +03$
 MAX 4/8 CAPACITY = 4200 \# + OK.

CAPACITY $P_6 = 339 > 198 \text{ \#/ft}$
 $7/16; 131 \times 2 1/2; \text{HF}$

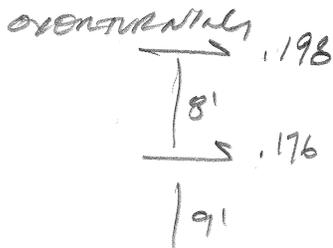
WIND MAJOR TRANSFER BEAM
 DESIGN TRANSFER BEAM FOR 1584 (2) = 3960 \#

2.5
 6000 \# LOAD APPLIED TO BEAM OK

- MAIN STORY LEVEL LOADS.

$$(478 \text{ SF}/2)(6 \text{ PSF})(0.6) + 2574 \text{ \#} = \frac{4868}{6+7} = 324 \text{ \#/ft} \Rightarrow \boxed{P4} \quad 495 \text{ \#/ft CAP}$$

$$(478 \text{ SF}/2)(16 \text{ PSF})(0.6) + 2574 \text{ \#} = \frac{4868}{6+7} = 324 \text{ \#/ft} \Rightarrow \boxed{P4} \quad 495 \text{ \#/ft CAP}$$



OVERTURNING $.198(17) + .176(9) = 4.95 \text{ \#}$

HOULL ON 4X6 - CAP = 8030 \# > 4950
 6X6 - CAP = 8030 \# > 4950

PROVIDE MAIN HOIZ FOR HOULL TYPE HANDBARS.
 OK

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Lateral Analysis (Cont.)

LONGITUDINAL WIND LOADS

Roof Level Loads

$$(296/2)(16psf)(0.6) = 1420 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{1420}{4.5+10+10+4.5} = 49 \text{ k/ft} \Rightarrow \boxed{A_0} \text{ OK}$$

$$(296/2) + 8.2(16psf)(0.6) = 1500 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{1500 \text{ k}}{4.5+4.5} = 167 \text{ k/ft} \Rightarrow \boxed{A_6} \text{ OK}$$

$$\text{UPURT } .167(8) = 1.3 \text{ k} \text{ MATCH OK} \Rightarrow \text{H03 MARK}$$

MAIN LEVEL LOADS

abv. Story

$$1420 \text{ k} + 189(16)(0.6) = 3042 \text{ k}$$

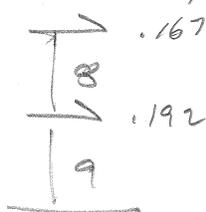
$$\frac{3042}{291} = 104 \text{ k/ft} \Rightarrow \boxed{A_6} \text{ OK}$$

abv. Story

$$1500 \text{ k} + 180(16)(0.6) = 3228 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{3228}{91} = 358 \text{ k/ft} \Rightarrow \boxed{P_4} \text{ OK}$$

OVERTURNING



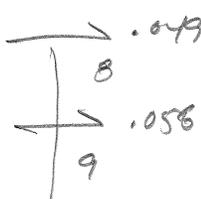
$$.167(17) + .192(9) = 4.5 \text{ k}$$

H06 - STH014
DEEP KON STH014 RJ.

2640 k in 6" N6
STEM WALL

USE HOUB ON (2) 2X-5820 CAP

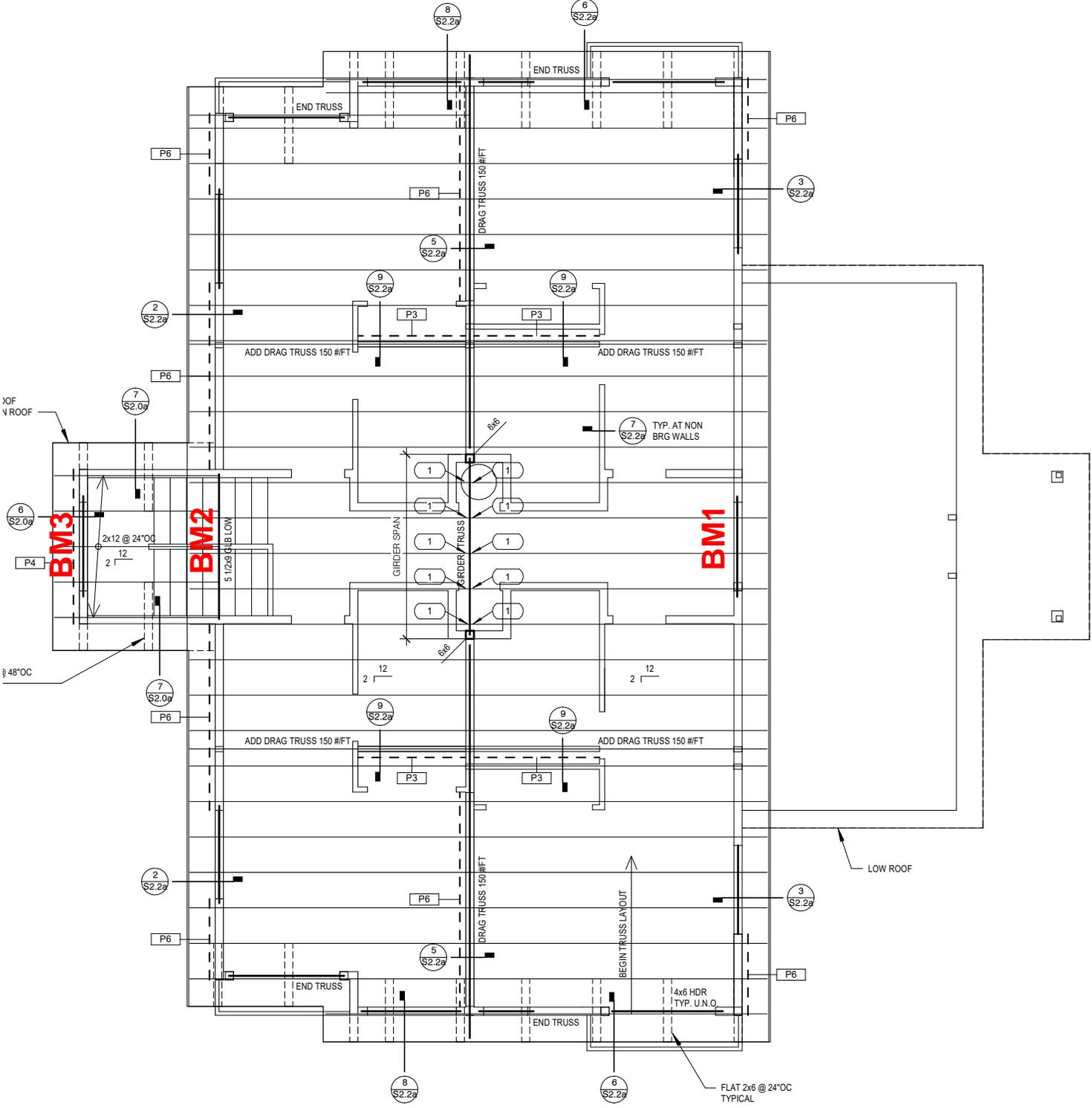
$$.049(17) + .056(9) = 1.4 \text{ k} \Rightarrow \text{STH014 OK} \quad 4500.$$



H06 MARK

H011 MARK

GRAVITY LOAD ANALYSIS - BEAM MAP

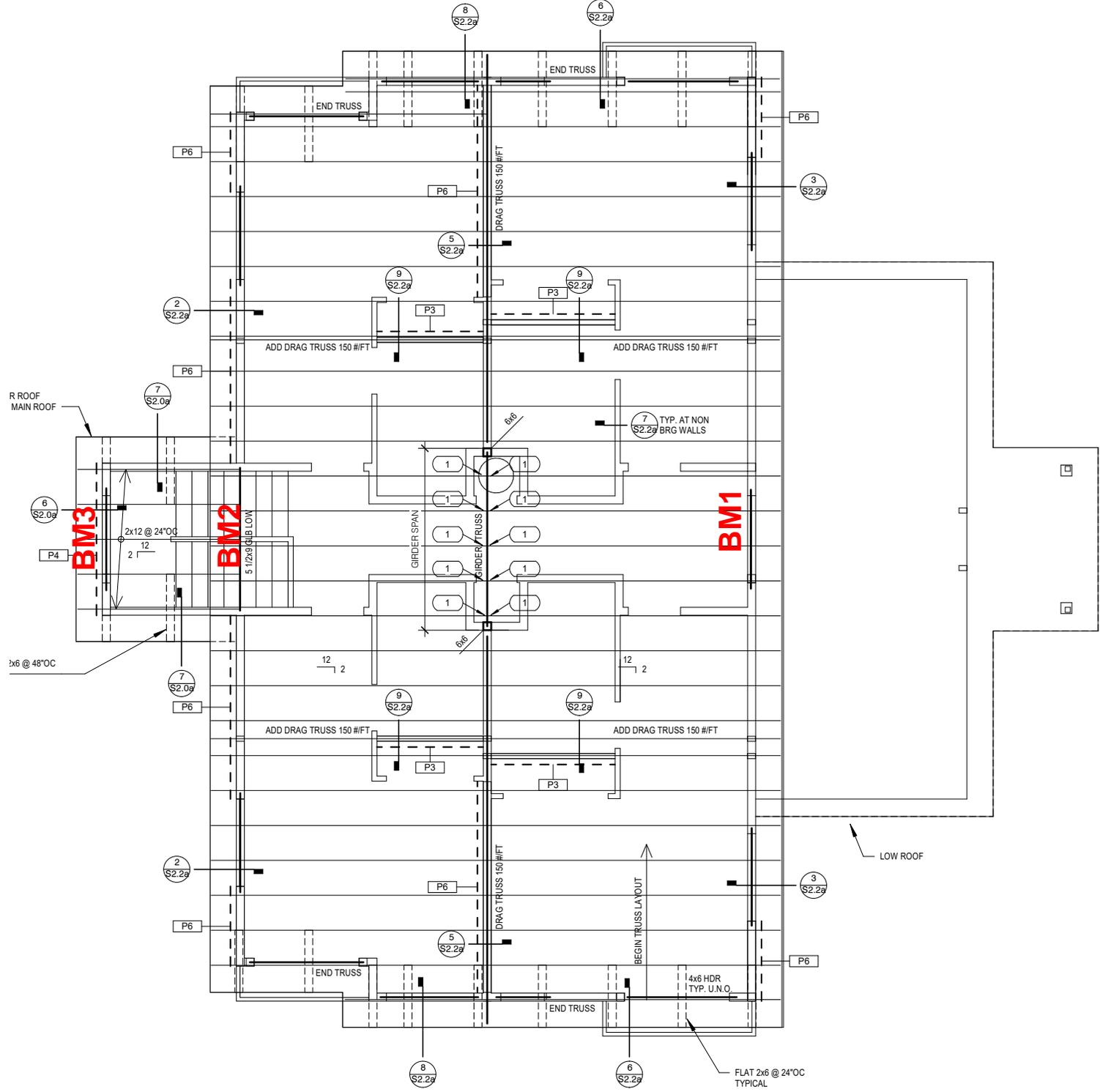


SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

1

ROOF FRAMING PLAN - OPTION a

GRAVITY LOAD ANALYSIS - BEAM MAP



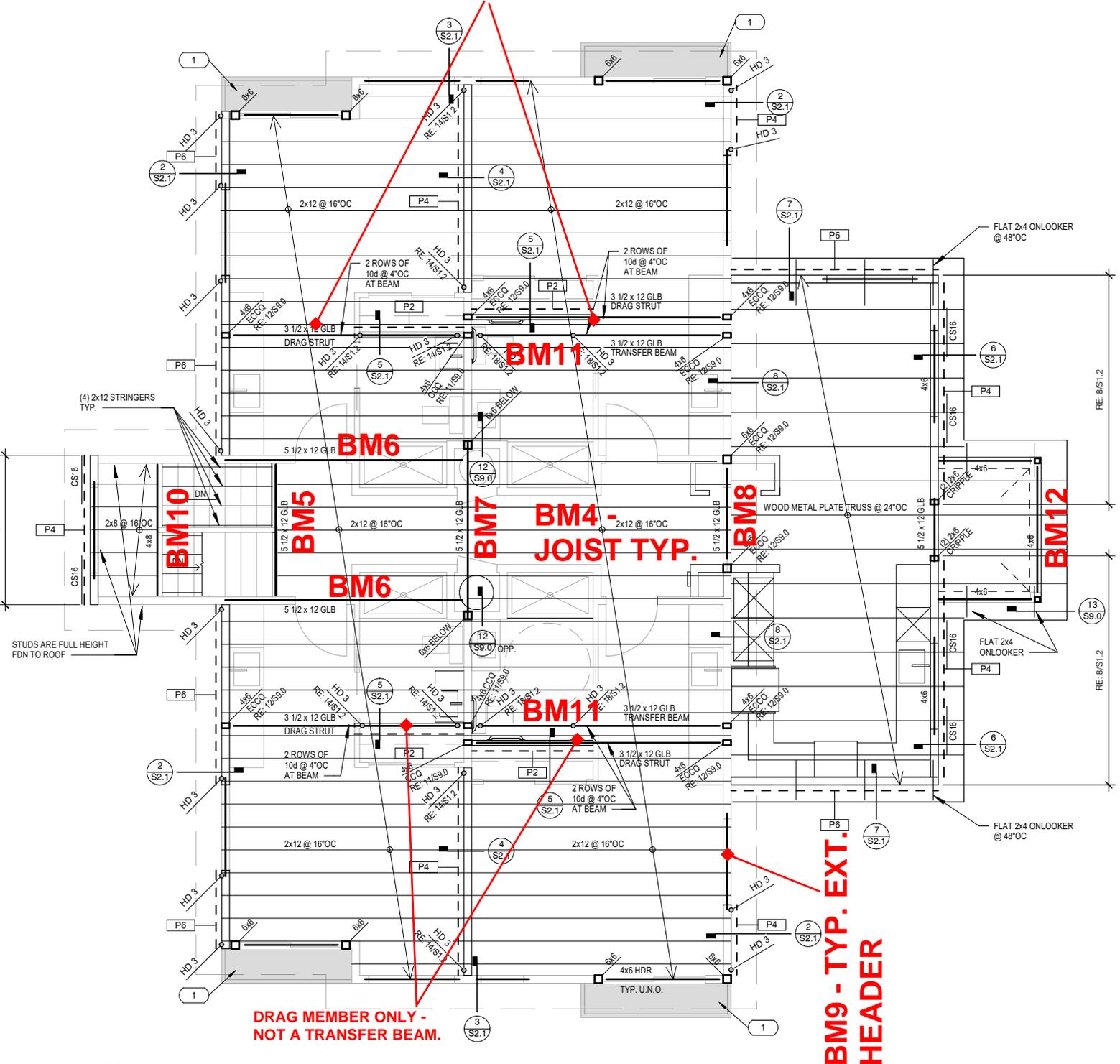
SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

1

ROOF FRAMING PLAN - OPTION b

GRAVITY LOAD ANALYSIS - BEAM MAP

**DRAG MEMBER ONLY -
NOT A TRANSFER BEAM.**



**DRAG MEMBER ONLY -
NOT A TRANSFER BEAM.**

**BM9 - TYP. EXT.
HEADER**

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

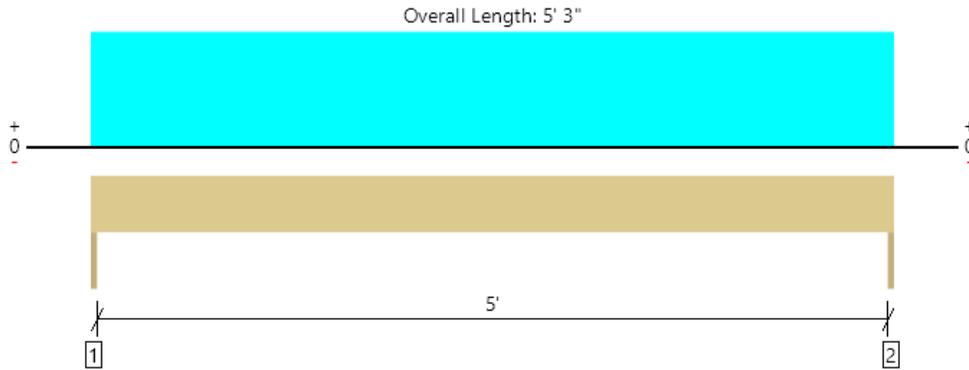
1 UPPER FLOOR FRAMING & LOW ROOF FRAMING PLAN

Roof			
Member Name	Results	Current Solution	Comments
Wall: Header - Typ at roof - BM1	Passed	1 piece(s) 4 x 6 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
Roof: Drop Beam - BM2	Passed	1 piece(s) 5 1/2" x 9" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
Wall: Header - BM3	Passed	1 piece(s) 4 x 6 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
UPPER LEVEL			
Member Name	Results	Current Solution	Comments
Floor: Joist - Typ at upper level - BM4	Passed	1 piece(s) 2 x 12 Hem-Fir No. 2 @ 16" OC	
Floor: Flush Beam - BM5	Passed	1 piece(s) 3 1/2" x 10 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
Floor: Flush Beam - BM6	Passed	1 piece(s) 3 1/2" x 10 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
Floor: Flush Beam - BM7	Passed	1 piece(s) 3 1/2" x 10 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
Floor: Flush Beam - BM8	Passed	1 piece(s) 5 1/2" x 10 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	
Wall: Header - Typ hdr - BM9	Passed	1 piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
Floor: Drop Beam - BM10	Passed	1 piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	
Floor: Flush Beam - BM11	Failed	1 piece(s) 5 1/2" x 12" 24F-V4 DF Glulam	Multiple Failures/Errors
Floor: Drop Beam - BM12	Passed	1 piece(s) 4 x 6 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2	

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Roof, Wall: Header - Typ at roof - BM1
 1 piece(s) 4 x 6 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	1142 @ 0	3281 (1.50")	Passed (35%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	888 @ 7"	2657	Passed (33%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	1499 @ 2' 7 1/2"	1979	Passed (76%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.052 @ 2' 7 1/2"	0.131	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.096 @ 2' 7 1/2"	0.262	Passed (L/658)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 5' 3" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 5' 3" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	518	623	1141	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	518	623	1141	None

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 5' 3"	N/A	4.9	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 5' 3"	9' 6"	20.3	25.0	Default Load

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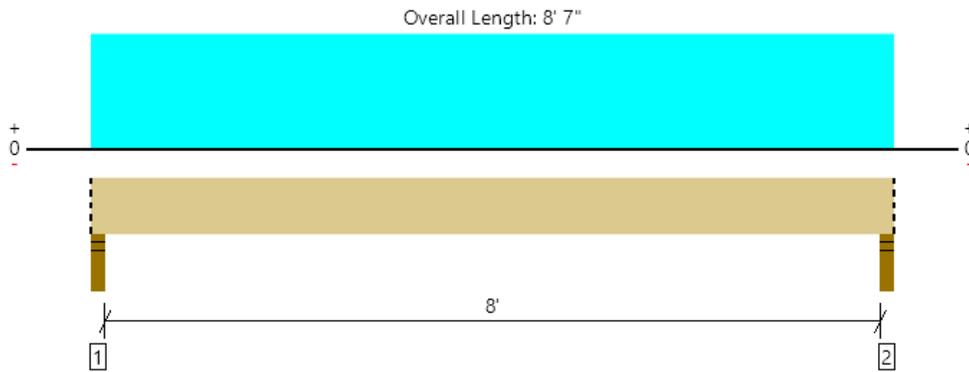
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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by BJM

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Roof, Roof: Drop Beam - BM2
 1 piece(s) 5 1/2" x 9" 24F-V4 DF Glulam



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	2176 @ 2"	12031 (3.50")	Passed (18%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1648 @ 1' 1/2"	10057	Passed (16%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	4314 @ 4' 3 1/2"	17078	Passed (25%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.048 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.275	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.088 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.412	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Roof
 Member Type : Drop Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD
 Member Pitch : 0/12

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 8' 7" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 8' 7" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 8' 3".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Stud wall - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	996	1180	2176	Blocking
2 - Stud wall - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	996	1180	2176	Blocking

• Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 8' 7"	N/A	12.0	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 8' 7" (Front)	11'	20.0	25.0	Default Load

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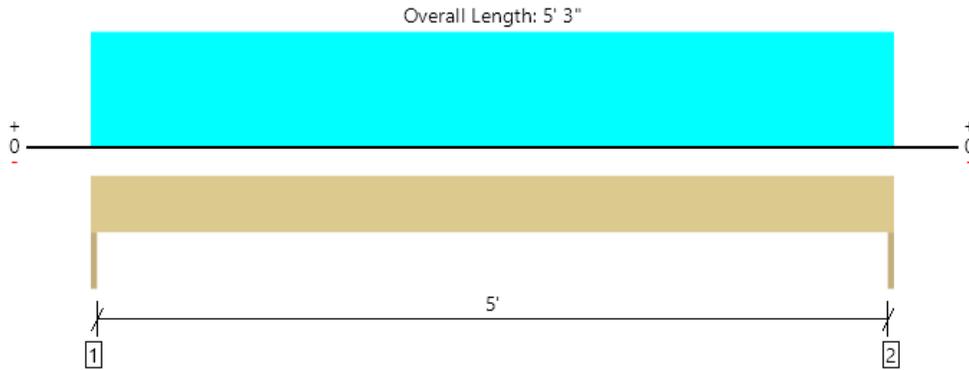
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Roof, Wall: Header - BM3
 1 piece(s) 4 x 6 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	662 @ 0	3281 (1.50")	Passed (20%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	515 @ 7"	2657	Passed (19%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	870 @ 2' 7 1/2"	1979	Passed (44%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.030 @ 2' 7 1/2"	0.105	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.056 @ 2' 7 1/2"	0.262	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/600) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 5' 3" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 5' 3" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	302	361	663	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	302	361	663	None

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 5' 3"	N/A	4.9	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 5' 3"	5' 6"	20.0	25.0	Default Load

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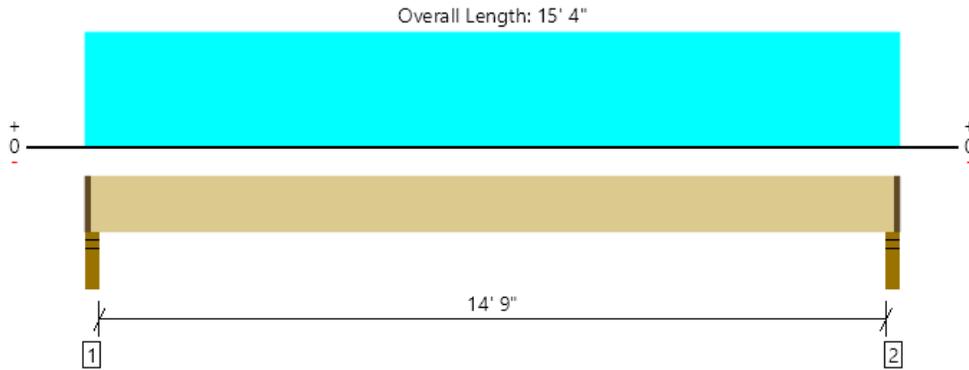
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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by BJM

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UPPER LEVEL, Floor: Joist - Typ at upper level - BM4
 1 piece(s) 2 x 12 Hem-Fir No. 2 @ 16" OC



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	603 @ 2 1/2"	1215 (2.00")	Passed (50%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	515 @ 1' 2 3/4"	1688	Passed (31%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	2225 @ 7' 8"	2577	Passed (86%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.257 @ 7' 8"	0.373	Passed (L/697)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.385 @ 7' 8"	0.746	Passed (L/465)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
TJ-Pro™ Rating	N/A	N/A	N/A	--	N/A

System : Floor
 Member Type : Joist
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 4' 1" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 15' 1" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- A 15% increase in the moment capacity has been added to account for repetitive member usage.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.
- No composite action between deck and joist was considered in analysis.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Stud wall - HF	3.50"	2.00"	1.50"	204	409	613	1 1/2" Rim Board
2 - Stud wall - HF	3.50"	2.00"	1.50"	204	409	613	1 1/2" Rim Board

• Rim Board is assumed to carry all loads applied directly above it, bypassing the member being designed.

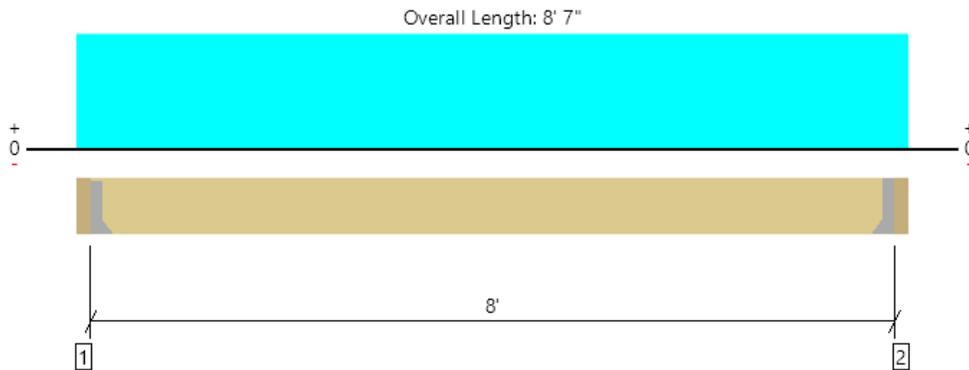
Vertical Load	Location (Side)	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 15' 4"	16"	20.0	40.0	Default Load

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 The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by BJM

FortewEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Benjamin J. McCann CT Engineering Inc. (206) 285-4512 bmccann@ctengineering.com	



UPPER LEVEL, Floor: Flush Beam -BM5
 1 piece(s) 3 1/2" x 10 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDf	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	2196 @ 3 1/2"	3413 (1.50")	Passed (64%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1715 @ 1' 2"	6493	Passed (26%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	4391 @ 4' 3 1/2"	12863	Passed (34%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.055 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.200	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.083 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.400	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Flush Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 8' o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 8' o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 8'.
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Hanger on 10 1/2" DF beam	3.50"	Hanger ¹	1.50"	808	1545	2353	See note ¹
2 - Hanger on 10 1/2" DF beam	3.50"	Hanger ¹	1.50"	808	1545	2353	See note ¹

- At hanger supports, the Total Bearing dimension is equal to the width of the material that is supporting the hanger
- ¹ See Connector grid below for additional information and/or requirements.

Connector: Simpson Strong-Tie

Support	Model	Seat Length	Top Fasteners	Face Fasteners	Member Fasteners	Accessories
1 - Face Mount Hanger	Connector not found	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2 - Face Mount Hanger	Connector not found	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	3 1/2" to 8' 3 1/2"	N/A	8.9	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 8' 7" (Front)	9'	20.0	40.0	Default Load

Weyerhaeuser Notes

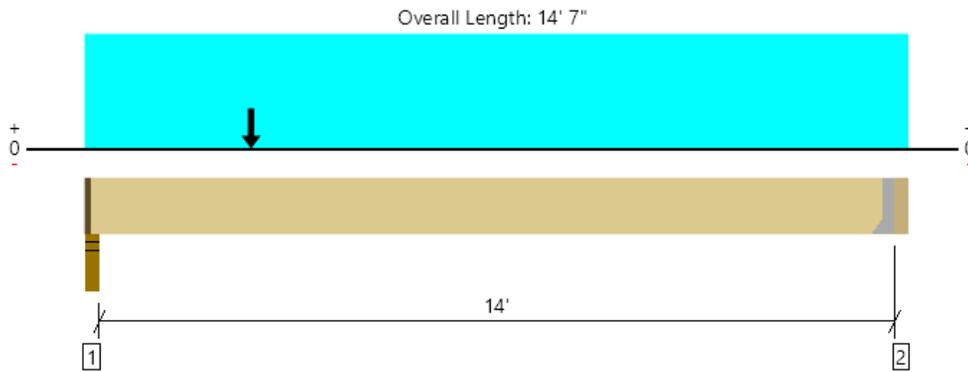
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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by BJM

ForteWEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Benjamin J. McCann CT Engineering Inc. (206) 285-4512 bmccann@ctengineering.com	



UPPER LEVEL, Floor: Flush Beam - BM6
 1 piece(s) 3 1/2" x 10 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	2499 @ 2"	4375 (2.00")	Passed (57%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	2408 @ 1' 2"	6493	Passed (37%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	6720 @ 3'	12863	Passed (52%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.225 @ 6' 7 3/4"	0.353	Passed (L/752)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.355 @ 6' 8"	0.706	Passed (L/478)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Flush Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 14' 2" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 14' 2" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 14' 1 1/2".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Stud wall - DF	3.50"	2.00"	1.50"	897	1611	2508	1 1/2" Rim Board
2 - Hanger on 10 1/2" DF beam	3.50"	Hanger ¹	1.50"	416	692	1108	See note ¹

- Rim Board is assumed to carry all loads applied directly above it, bypassing the member being designed.
- At hanger supports, the Total Bearing dimension is equal to the width of the material that is supporting the hanger
- ¹ See Connector grid below for additional information and/or requirements.

Connector: Simpson Strong-Tie							
Support	Model	Seat Length	Top Fasteners	Face Fasteners	Member Fasteners	Accessories	
2 - Face Mount Hanger	Connector not found	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

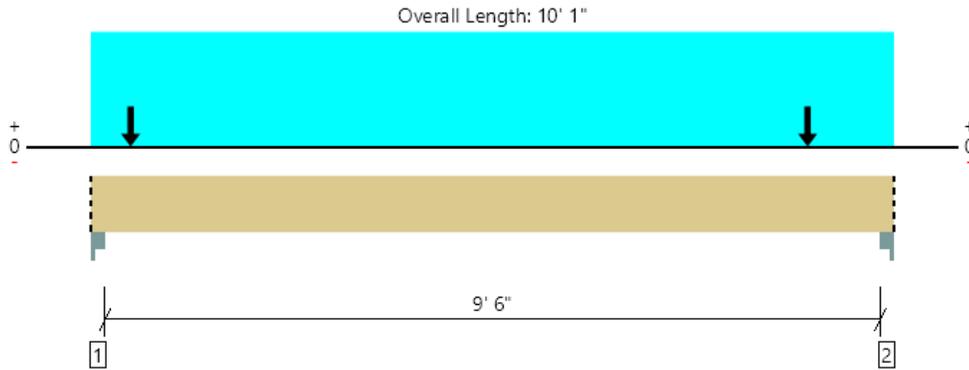
Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	1 1/2" to 14' 3 1/2"	N/A	8.9	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 14' 7" (Front)	1' 3 5/8"	20.0	40.0	Default Load
2 - Point (lb)	3' (Front)	N/A	808	1545	Linked from: Floor: Flush Beam -BM5, Support 2

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Forteweb Software Operator	Job Notes
Benjamin J. McCann CT Engineering Inc. (206) 285-4512 bmccann@ctengineering.com	



UPPER LEVEL, Floor: Flush Beam -BM7
 1 piece(s) 3 1/2" x 10 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	5152 @ 2"	7963 (3.50")	Passed (65%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	3993 @ 8' 11"	6493	Passed (62%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	10070 @ 5' 1 1/2"	12863	Passed (78%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.188 @ 5' 11/16"	0.244	Passed (L/621)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.287 @ 5' 11/16"	0.488	Passed (L/407)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Flush Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 10' 1" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lb): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 10' 1" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 9' 9".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Column Cap - steel	3.50"	3.50"	2.26"	1797	3355	5152	Blocking
2 - Column Cap - steel	3.50"	3.50"	2.21"	1747	3272	5019	Blocking

• Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 10' 1"	N/A	8.9	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 10' 1" (Front)	13'	20.0	40.0	Default Load
2 - Point (lb)	6" (Front)	N/A	416	692	Linked from: Floor: Flush Beam - BM6, Support 2
3 - Point (lb)	9' (Front)	N/A	416	692	Linked from: Floor: Flush Beam - BM6, Support 2

Weyerhaeuser Notes

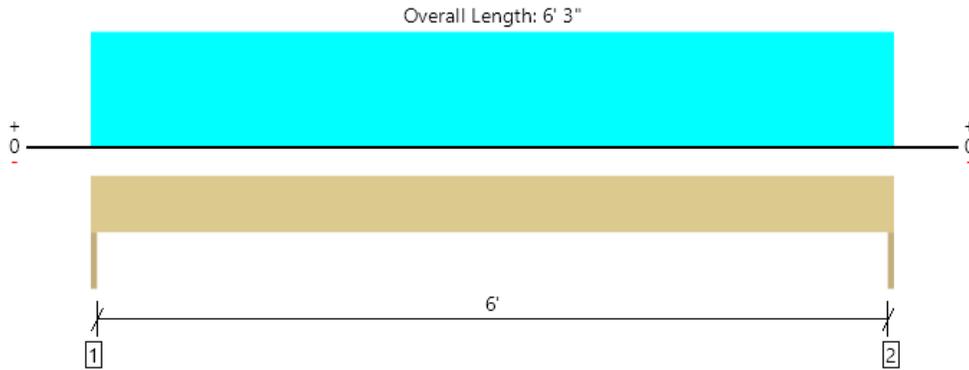
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ForteWEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Benjamin J. McCann CT Engineering Inc. (206) 285-4512 bmccann@ctengineering.com	



UPPER LEVEL, Floor: Flush Beam - BM8
 1 piece(s) 5 1/2" x 10 1/2" 24F-V4 DF Glulam



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	2862 @ 0	5363 (1.50")	Passed (53%)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1946 @ 1'	11733	Passed (17%)	1.15	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	4472 @ 3' 1 1/2"	23244	Passed (19%)	1.15	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.017 @ 3' 1 1/2"	0.156	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.033 @ 3' 1 1/2"	0.313	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Flush Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 6' 3" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lb): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 6' 3" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 6' 3".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)				Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	1368	938	1055	3361	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	1368	938	1055	3361	None

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 6' 3"	N/A	14.0	--	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 6' 3" (Front)	7' 6"	20.0	40.0	-	Default Load
2 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 6' 3" (Front)	13' 6"	20.3	-	25.0	

Weyerhaeuser Notes

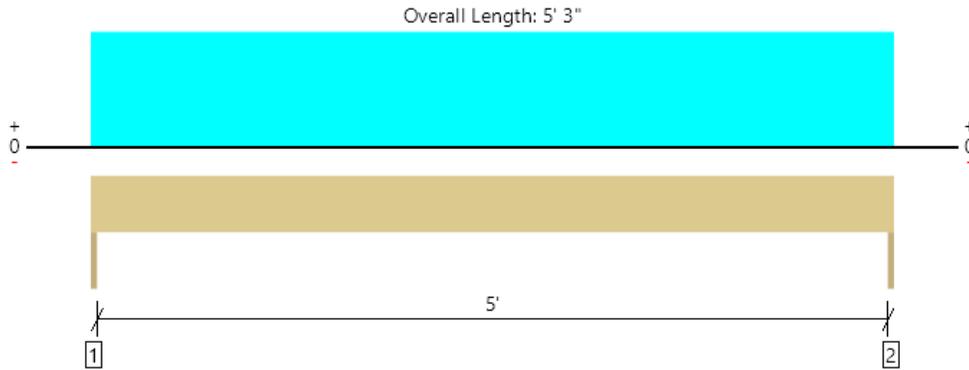
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ForteWEB Software Operator Benjamin J. McCann CT Engineering Inc. (206) 285-4512 bmccann@ctengineering.com	Job Notes
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UPPER LEVEL, Wall: Header - Typ hdr - BM9
 1 piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	1764 @ 0	3281 (1.50")	Passed (54%)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1150 @ 8 3/4"	3045	Passed (38%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	2089 @ 2' 7 1/2"	2989	Passed (70%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.035 @ 2' 7 1/2"	0.131	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.065 @ 2' 7 1/2"	0.262	Passed (L/975)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)

System : Wall
 Member Type : Header
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 5' 3" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 5' 3" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)				Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	804	788	492	2084	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	804	788	492	2084	None

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 5' 3"	N/A	6.4	--	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 5' 3"	7' 6"	20.0	40.0	-	Default Load
2 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 5' 3"	7' 6"	20.0	-	25.0	

Weyerhaeuser Notes

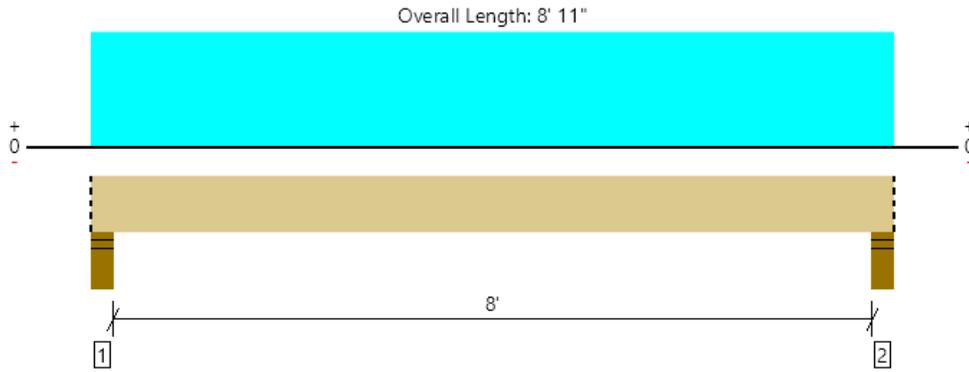
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FortewEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Benjamin J. McCann CT Engineering Inc. (206) 285-4512 bmccann@ctengineering.com	



UPPER LEVEL, Floor: Drop Beam - BM10
 1 piece(s) 4 x 8 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	1366 @ 4"	12031 (5.50")	Passed (11%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1041 @ 1' 3/4"	3045	Passed (34%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	2607 @ 4' 5 1/2"	2989	Passed (87%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.117 @ 4' 5 1/2"	0.206	Passed (L/845)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.180 @ 4' 5 1/2"	0.412	Passed (L/551)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Drop Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 8' 11" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 8' 11" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	
1 - Stud wall - DF	5.50"	5.50"	1.50"	474	892	1366	Blocking
2 - Stud wall - DF	5.50"	5.50"	1.50"	474	892	1366	Blocking

• Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 8' 11"	N/A	6.4	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 8' 11" (Front)	5'	20.0	40.0	Default Load

Weyerhaeuser Notes

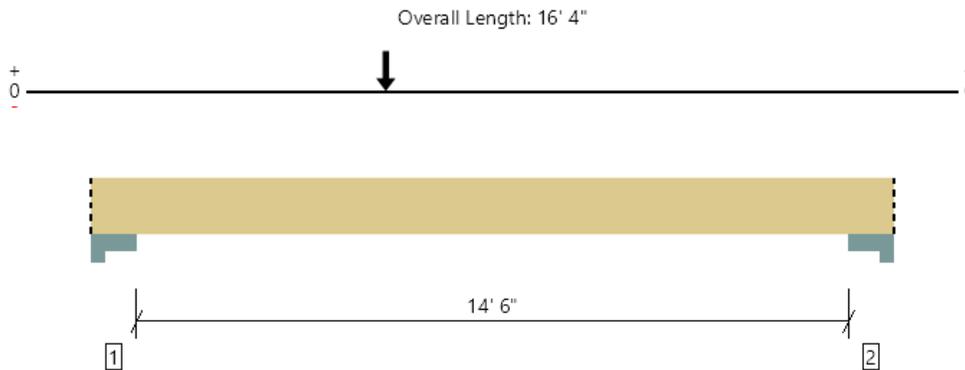
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FortewEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Benjamin J. McCann CT Engineering Inc. (206) 285-4512 bmccann@ctengineering.com	



UPPER LEVEL, Floor: Flush Beam - BM11
 1 piece(s) 5 1/2" x 12" 24F-V4 DF Glulam



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	2848 @ 9 1/2"	39325 (11.00")	Passed (7%)	--	1.0 D + 0.7 E (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	2817 @ 1' 11"	18656	Passed (15%)	1.60	1.0 D + 0.7 E (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	14549 @ 6'	42240	Passed (34%)	1.60	1.0 D + 0.7 E (All Spans)
Neg Moment (Ft-lbs)	-13912 @ 6'	32560	Passed (43%)	1.60	0.6 D - 0.7 E (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	-0.303 @ 7' 6 15/16"	0.369	Passed (L/584)	--	0.6 D - 0.7 E (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.315 @ 7' 7 1/8"	0.738	Passed (L/562)	--	1.0 D + 0.7 E (All Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Flush Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 16' 4" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 16' 4" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 14' 9".
- Critical negative moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 14' 9".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- The specified glulam is assumed to have its strong laminations at the bottom of the beam. Install with proper side up as indicated by the manufacturer.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Seismic	Total	
1 - Column Cap - steel	11.00"	11.00"	1.50"	131	3881/-3881	4012/-3881	Blocking
2 - Column Cap - steel	11.00"	11.00"	1.50"	131	2119/-2119	2250/-2119	Blocking

• Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Seismic (1.60)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 16' 4"	N/A	16.0	--	
1 - Point (lb)	6' (Front)	N/A	-	6000	Default Load

Member Notes

Transfer beam supporting uplift from above at over-strength level (E*Omega).

Weyerhaeuser Notes

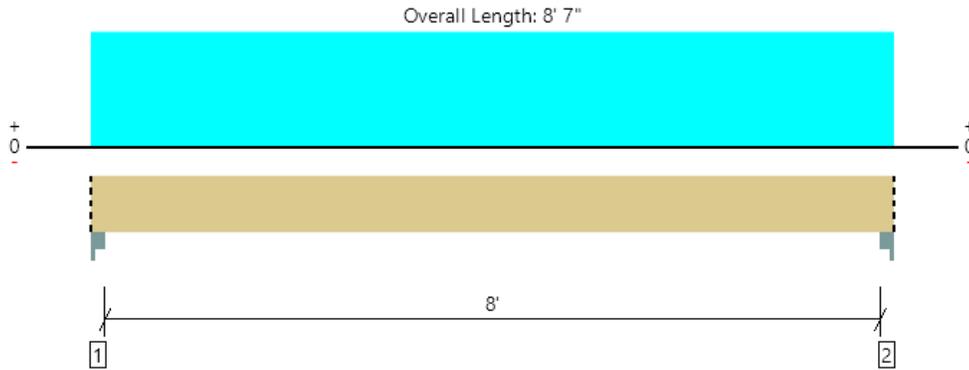
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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by BJM

FortewEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Benjamin J. McCann CT Engineering Inc. (206) 285-4512 bmccann@ctengineering.com	



UPPER LEVEL, Floor: Drop Beam - BM12
 1 piece(s) 4 x 6 Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	890 @ 2"	7656 (3.50")	Passed (12%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	734 @ 9"	2657	Passed (28%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	1764 @ 4' 3 1/2"	1979	Passed (89%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.151 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.206	Passed (L/656)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.278 @ 4' 3 1/2"	0.412	Passed (L/356)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Floor
 Member Type : Drop Beam
 Building Use : Residential
 Building Code : IBC 2015
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Top Edge Bracing (Lu): Top compression edge must be braced at 8' 7" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Bottom Edge Bracing (Lu): Bottom compression edge must be braced at 8' 7" o/c based on loads applied, unless detailed otherwise.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Column Cap - steel	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	407	483	890	Blocking
2 - Column Cap - steel	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	407	483	890	Blocking

• Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 8' 7"	N/A	4.9	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 8' 7" (Front)	4' 6"	20.0	25.0	Default Load

Weyerhaeuser Notes

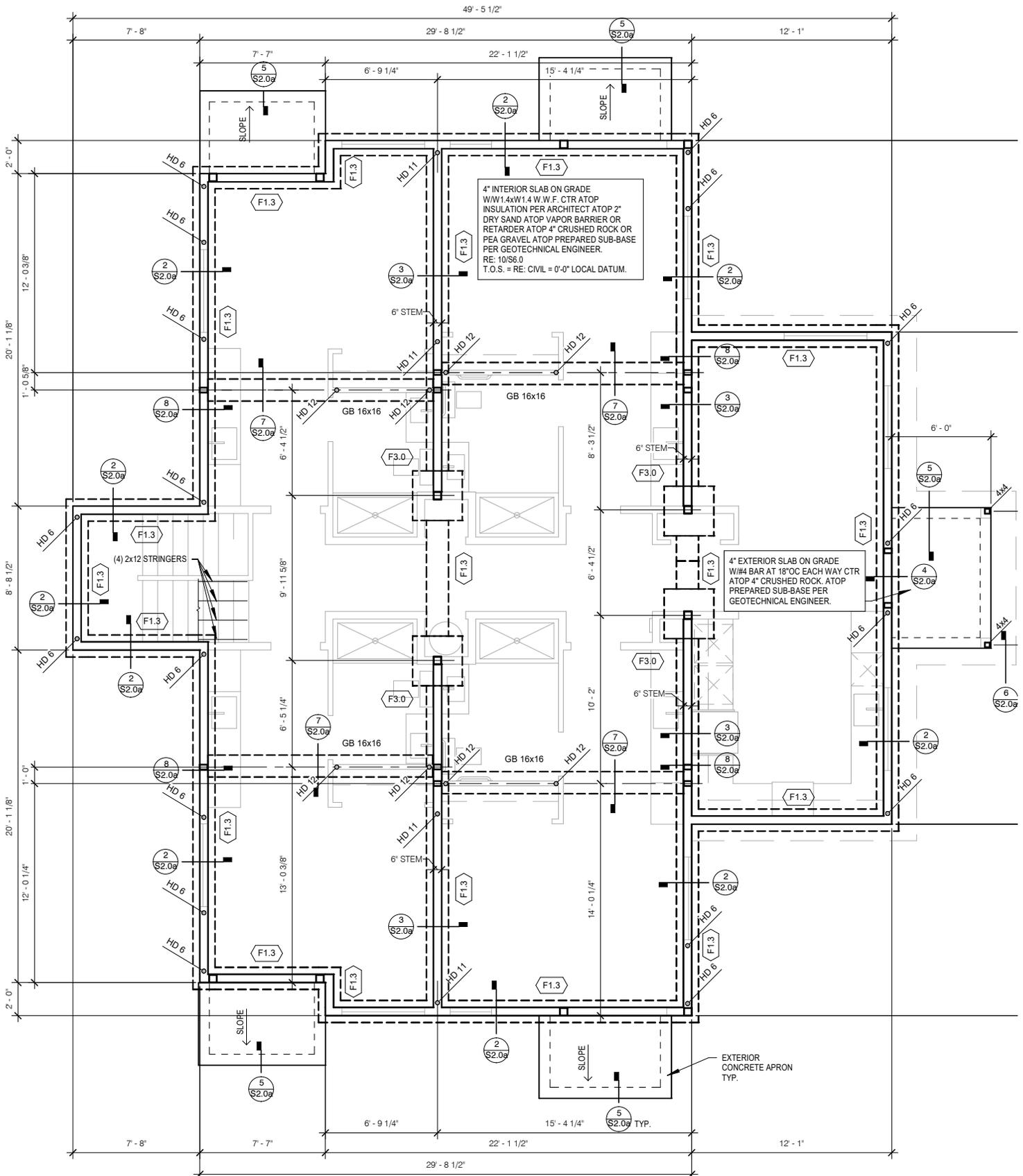
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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by BJM

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CONVENTIONAL FOUNDATION ANALYSIS



SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

1 Foundation Plan - Conventional Option

Project: VASHON ISLAND HOUSING CENTER HOMES.

Date: 11/05/2019

Client: _____

Page Number: _____

FOUNDATION ANALYSIS.

	LIVE	DEAD
1st Floor - SOG	0	0
2nd Floor - FRAMED	40 PSF	20 PSF
Roof - TRUSSES	25 PSF	20 PSF + 10 PSF SOLE ALLOWANCE

PERIMETER BEARING

SIBC - 1606.3
5 PSF min.

Roof w/ interior bearing wall:
 $(8+2)(25+30) = 550 \#/l$

2nd
 $(8')(40+20) = 480 \#/l$

FOOT (18" x 18" GRADE BM w/ 6" x 12" STEEL TOP ASSUMED)

GRADE BM
 $(\frac{18}{12})(\frac{18}{12})(1)(150 \text{ PCF}) = 346 \#/l$

STEEL
 $(\frac{6}{12})(1)(12)(150 \text{ PCF}) = 75 \#/l$

Total = 1445 #/l

INTERIOR BEARING WALL

Roof
 $15(25+30) = 825 \#/l$

2nd
 $15(40+20) = 900 \#/l$

FOOT - (18" x 18" GRADE BM w/ 6" x 12" STEEL TOP (SIM TO ABV)

415 #/l

Total = 2140 #/l

PNEUMATIC SPRING -

ALLOWABLE CAP.
2" CAPACITY = 3 TONS = 6,000 #
3" CAPACITY = 6 TONS = 12,000 #

MAX GRADE PNE SPRING

PERIMETER	INTERIOR
4.15' (4'-1")	2.80' (2'-9")
8.3' (8'-3")	5.61' (5'-7")

Project: Vashtoi Iscand Vashtoi Center Homes

Date: 11/05/2019

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GRAND BEAM DESIGN

REQUIRED STRENGTH

1.4D (16-1)

1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5S (16-2)

DEMAND AT INTERIOR BEARING

$W_u = 1.4(1165\#) = 1631\#$ (16-1)

$W_u = 1.2(1165\#) + 1.6(600) + 0.5(275\#)$
 $= 2545\#$ (16-2)

$M_u = \frac{W_u l_n^2}{14}$ Pos. Moment
 $\frac{W_u l_n^2}{10}$ END SPAN.
 Neg.

$2545\# (8.3')^2 / 8$

$= 21,915\#ft = 21.9\text{kl}$

ESTIMATE $A_s = \frac{M_u}{\phi f_y d} = \frac{21.9\text{kl}}{4(17.2'')} = .32\text{ft}^2$

Minimum $A_s = \frac{200 b w d}{f_y} = \frac{200(18'')(17.2'')}{60,000\text{psi}} = 1.03\text{ft}^2$

$A_s = 2(.31) = .62\text{ft}^2$

9.6.1.3 A_s PROVIDED $\geq 1.3 A_s$ REQUIRED BY ANALYSIS?

$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{.85 f'_c b} = \frac{.62\text{ft}^2 (60)}{.85 (25)(18)} = .973'$

$M_n = A_s f_y (d - a/2) = .62\text{ft}^2 (60,000) (17.2' - \frac{.973'}{2})$
 $= 621,742\#ft (1\text{kl}/1000\#) (17.21\text{ft})$
 $= 51.8\text{kl}$

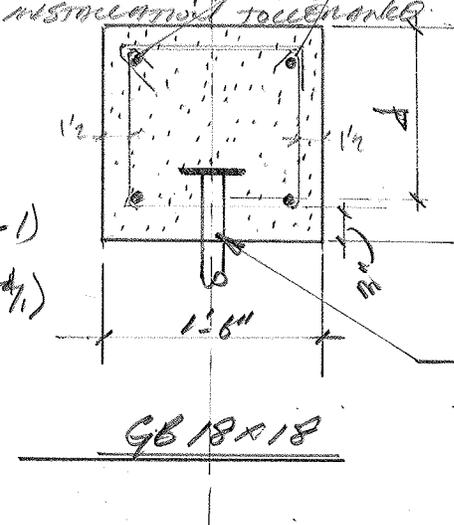
$\phi M_n = 0.9(51.8\text{kl}) = 46.6\text{kl} \leq M_u = 21.9\text{kl}$

$46.6\text{kl} \leq 1.3(21.9) = 28.5\text{kl} \therefore$

Check Shear Rein. (Assume Cons. Beam. 4 EQ SPANS)

$V_{max} = .607 W_u l = .607(2545\#)(8.3') = 12,821\#$
 $= 12.8\text{K}$

18" - 1/2" - 1/2" - 1" - 5/8" - 5/8" - 3/4"
 $= 9.75$
 $9.75/2 = 4.9 \approx 5"$
 KEEP 18" WIDTH TO
 ALLOW FOR PFD AND
 INSTANTANEOUS TOLERANCE



2-#5 top
 BOTTOM
 W/ #4 @ 9" O.C. TIES.
 $d = 18" - 1/2" - 5/8"$
 $= 17.19$
 $d/2 = 8.59"$
 TIES @ 8" O.C.
 MEETS d/2
 REQUIREMENT
 2 OR 3" FIBER
 PRO C
 COMPRESS PER
 PLAN.

18.13.3.2
 TIE SPACING =
 1/2 SMALLEST ORTHOGONAL DIMENSION
 AND 12" \therefore 9" SPACING OK.

TABLE 9.5.1.1
 $\frac{2}{18.5} = \frac{8.3'(12'')}{18.5} = 5.38"$
 $18" > 5.4" \text{ OK}$

MINIMUM REINFC
 STEEL IS NOT REQUIRED
 IN THE GRAND BEAMS.
 \therefore 2-#5 TOP BARS $f_y = 60\text{KSI}$
 OK

Project: Vashon Island Spicing Center Homes

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GRADE BEAM DESIGN (CONT.)

SHEAR REINFORCING CHECK CONT.

$$A_{v,min}/s = \frac{50bw}{f_y} = \frac{50(18)}{60,000 \text{ psi}} = .015 \text{ FOR } \#4$$

$$\frac{50(18)}{40,000} = .0225 \text{ FOR } \#3$$

9" $\frac{17.2}{17.2}$

$.015(5) = .075" < .2" \text{ OK OF } \#4 \text{ BAR.}$

$.0225(9) = .2025 \text{ OK}$

$\#3 @ .11 < .2025 \text{ OK.}$

$\phi V_n \geq V_u$

$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$

$V_c = 2 \times \sqrt{f_c} b_w d = 30,960 \#$

1.0 18 17.2

#4 $f_y = 60 \text{ ksi}$

$V_s = \frac{A_v f_y d}{s} = \frac{.2" (60,000) 17.2}{9"} = 22,933$

$\phi V_n = \phi (30.9^k + 22.9^k) = 33.7^k \geq 12.8^k$

0.7 0.7

PROVIDE #4 @ 9" O.C.
CLOSED TIES (2 PART)
 $f_y = 60 \text{ ksi min.}$

#3 $f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$

$V_s = 0.11 \frac{(40,000)(17.2")}{9"} = 8408 \# - \text{NG}$

Project: VASHON ISLAND HOUSING CENTER HOMES

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(JAVO ENGINEERING SERVICES)
GRADE BEAM DESIGN - CONT.

ATTEMPT GB 16X16 W/ 2-#4

DEMAND AS INTERIOR BEARING GOVERNS
MIN TO GB 18X18 DESIGN PREVIOUS.

TOP & BOTTOM #4 2 PART
CLOSED TIES @ 8" O.C

$\therefore M_u = 21.9 \text{ k}$

$A_s = M_u / A_d = 21.9 \text{ k} / 4(12.25) = .45 \text{ sq in}$

MIN $A_s = \frac{200bw}{f_y} = \frac{200(16)(12.25)}{60,000} = .65 \text{ sq in}$

$A_s = .31(2) = .62 \text{ sq in} < .65 \text{ sq in}$
OK PER 9.6.1.3
PROVIDE 1.3 A_s REQ
BY ANALYSIS.

$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{.85 f'_c b} = \frac{.62(60)}{.85(2.5)(16)} = 1.09 \text{ in}$

$M_n = A_s f_y (d - \frac{a}{2}) = .62(60,000)(12.25 - \frac{1.09}{2})$
 $= 435,426 \text{ lb in}$
 $= 36.3 \text{ k}$

$\phi M_n = .9(36.3) = 32.6 \text{ k} \leq M_u = 21.9 \text{ k}$

$32.6 \text{ k} \leq 1.3 M_u = 1.3(21.9) = 28.47 \text{ k}$ 9.6.1.3 VERIFIED

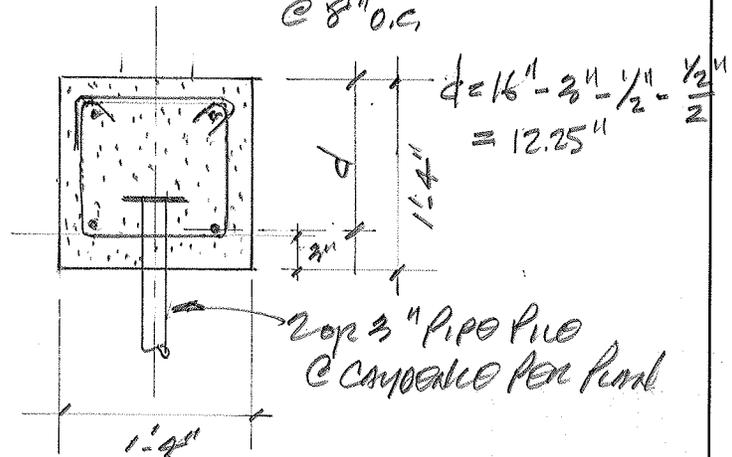
CHECK SHEAR REINFORCEMENT - #4 - 2 PART TIES @ 8" O.C.

$V_{u \text{ MAX}} = 12.8 \text{ k}$ SIM GB 18X18 DESIGN.

$A_{v \text{ MIN}} = \frac{50bw}{f_{yt}} = \frac{50(16)(8)}{60,000} = .107$ $A_s / \#4 = .2 \text{ sq in} > .107 \text{ sq in}$

$\phi V_n \geq V_u$
 $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s) = \phi (2.5 \sqrt{f'_c} b_w d + A_v f_{yt} / s)$
 $= 0.7 (19,600 + 10,106) = 20,794 > 12.8 \text{ k}$
 $20.8 \text{ k} > 12.8 \text{ k}$ OK

2-#5 T & B 60 GRADE
W/ #3 CLOSED 2 PART TIES
@ 8" O.C.



2x3" PIPE PILE
@ CAPACITY PER PILE

\therefore ATTEMPT #4 @ 8" O.C.
60 GRADE #3 BARS
W/ 45% YLD
STEEL FOR TIES... MITCHELL
HARRIS SUPPLY SOLUTIONS.
* MITCHELL BUNGE
(503) 206.2311
* ASTORIA JJ, KIM, TOM
(425) 787.9611

Project: VASHTON ISLAND HOUSING CENTER HOARDS

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FOUNDATION ANALYSIS (CONT.)

CONVENTIONAL FOUNDATION. (ALLOWABLE BEARING PRESSURE = 3000 PSF PER SOME REPORTS)
YOUR REPORT RECOMMENDS STRIP FOOTINGS W/ 16" MIN WIDTH

CAPACITY OF STRIP FOOTING

$(16/12)(1')(3000 \text{ PSF}) = 4,000 \text{ PLF}$

PERIMETER BEARING $\approx 1445 \text{ PLF} < 4000 \text{ PLF}$

INTERIOR BEARING $\approx 2140 \text{ PLF} < 4000 \text{ PLF}$

FOOTING

TEMP REIN $.0018(8")(16") = .23 \text{ A}''$

$A_s 2 \cdot \#4 = .2(2) = .4 \text{ A}'' > .23 \text{ A}''$

\therefore PROVIDE 2-#4 CR. FOOTING

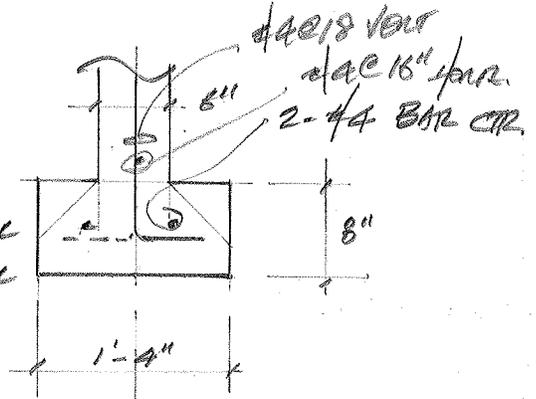
8" STEM

VERTICAL STEEL (MIN)

$A_{s \text{ min}} = .0012 A_g = .2$ $(8.6")$ $\therefore S = 28"$
#4 @ 18" VERT

HORIZONTAL STEEL (MIN)

$A_{s \text{ min}} = .002 A_g = .2$ $(8.6")$ $\therefore S = 16.7"$
#4 @ 16" HOR.



- GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERS MINIMUM WIDTH RECOMMENDATION CONTROLS DESIGN.

NOTE - YOUR ENGINEERING FIRM
LIKELY A 18" X 16" GRADE BEAM
WILL SURVIVE & BE SIMILAR
IN WIDTH TO THE 16" WIDE
STRIP FOOTING - YOUR ENG.

$324 \text{ A}'' (x) = 256 \text{ A}''$
 $x = .79$

2% LOSS
CONCRETE
W/ 16" X 16"
GRADE BM.