Assessment	Scoring	Cut Points/Interpretation
GAD-7	Add up scores  0 = not at all  1 = several days  2 = more than half the days  3 = nearly every day	Total score ranges from 0 to 21: 5-9: mild anxiety 10-14: moderate anxiety 15+: severe anxiety
PHQ-9	Add up scores from items 1-9  **Item 9 – followed up with questions about child's current safety	0-4 Minimal 5-10 Mild 11-14 Moderate (Possible dysthymia or mild depression) 15-10 Moderately severe (consistent with major depression) 20-27 Severe (consistent with severe depression) *Item 10 should be at least "somewhat difficult" to be consistent with depression diagnosis
SDQ Conduct and Hyperactivity Scales	Total the following items using the scoring guide below (ST=sometimes true, NT=not true, CT=certainly true) Conduct Problems Scale  I get very angry and lose my temper 0=NT, 1=ST, 2=CT  I usually do as I am told 2=NT, 1=ST, 0=CT  I fight a lot 0=NT, 1=ST, 2=CT  I am often accused of lying or cheating 0=NT, 1=ST, 2=CT  I take things that are not mine 0=NT, 1=ST, 2=CT  Hyperactivity Scale  I am restless. I cannot stay still for long 0=NT, 1=ST, 2=CT  I am constantly fidgeting or squirming 0=NT, 1=ST, 2=CT  I am easily distracted 0=NT, 1=ST, 2=CT  I think before I do things 2=NT, 1=ST, 0=CT  I finish the work I am doing 2=NT, 1=ST, 0=CT	Conduct Problems Scale Normal = 0-3 Borderline = 4 Abnormal = 5-10  Hyperactivity Scale Normal = 0-5 Borderline = 6 Abnormal = 7-10
GAIN-short screener	Count the number of 2's and 3's for each of the four subscales. If using for progress monitoring, count the number of 3's as a measure of change.  IDScr: Internalizing Disorder Screener EDScr: Externalizing Disorder Screener SDScr: Substance Disorder Screener CVScr: Crime/violence Screener	Low (0) = unlikely to need services  Moderate (1-2) = possible diagnosis and likely to benefit from a brief intervention High (3 or more) = high probability of a diagnosis and need more formal assessment/intervention
Vanderbilt ADHD Parent and Teacher Rating Scales	Behaviors are counted on items 1-18 if they scored 2 (often) or 3 (very often).  Performance section is scored as indicating some impairment if a child scores 1 or 2 on at least one item.	Inattention: For items 1-9, requires 6+ behaviors (scores of 2 or 3 are positive) & 1+ behavior problem (score of 1 or 2 on any item in the performance section)  Hyperactivity/Impulsivity: For items 10-18. requires 6+ behaviors (scores of 2 or 3 are positive), & 1 problem (score of 1 or 2 on any item in performance sect. on p. 2)  Combined: Requires 6+ behaviors on both the inattention and hyperactivity/impulsivity dimensions  *For diagnosis – should also include some impairment (score of 1 or 2) on performance section
Anger Rumination Scale (ARS)	Scored on a scale of 1 (almost never) to 4 (almost always). Add up scores on each scale. Higher numbers are more problematic.	Angry afterthoughts (Items 14, 19, 18, 9, 7, & 8)  Thoughts of revenge (Items 4, 16, 13, & 6)  Angry memories (Items 2, 3, 15, 1, & 5)  Understanding the causes (Items 12, 17, 11, & 10) *Negative relationships demonstrated between ARS and measures of life satisfaction and social desirability

Assessment	Scoring	Cut Points/Interpretation
Weight Concerns Scale	100 * (Q1 response – 1)/4 100 * (Q2 response – 1)/4 100 * (Q3 response – 1)/6 100 * (Q4 response – 1)/3 100 * (Q5 response – 1)/4 Sum and average the 5 scores.	Scores above 52 are associated with an increased risk of developing an eating disorder within four years for adolescent girls.
CRAFT	Add up scores Yes score = 1	Score of 2 or more indicates a potential drug/alcohol problem and requires further assessment.
School Adjustment Questionnaire (aka. School Connectedness Scale)	Total items in each section. (make sure you are using a version in which the first three items are reverse scored so that higher scores indicate more positive ratings)	Lower scores are problematic and indicate difficulties.  First 3 items (Part I): School attachment subscale querying belonging, liking school, and peer relations  Next 6 items (Part II): Student and teacher school support subscale  Last 6 items (Part III): General school experience subscale, measuring academic satisfaction, school safety, liking school, academic engagement, and participation in school activities.
Trauma Screen	Yes score endorses a traumatic event.	An event is determined to be a trauma if one of the first 15 items is endorsed. If an event is endorsed, a yes on one of the last 5 items indicates that the event was experienced as traumatic.
CPSS	Add up scores for items 1-17.  Count yes scores for last seven interference questions.	CPSS – first 17 items measures PTSD symptoms and yield a total symptom severity score with a clinical cutoff of 12+ CPSS - last 7 items assess daily functioning and functional impairment. Higher scores indicate greater impairment.
CGAS	100-91 Superior functioning 90-81 Good functioning 80-71 No more than a slight impairment in functioning 70-61 Some difficulty in a single area, but generally functioning pretty well 60-51 Variable functioning with sporadic difficulties 50-41 Moderate degree of interference in functioning 40-31 Major impairment to functioning in several areas 30-21 Unable to function in almost all areas 20-11 Needs considerable supervision 10-1 Needs constant supervision	Scores range from 1 (most impaired) to 100 (healthiest)  Scores above 70 are considered to be in the normal range and scores in the low range require constant supervision (1-10) or considerable supervision (11-20)